City of Mattoon, Illinois

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Mattoon, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of April 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the City of Mattoon, Illinois adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which established a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Mattoon, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Mattoon, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 to 16, General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual on page 91, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 92 to 95, Police Pension Fund -Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 97 to 98, and Firefighters' Pension Fund - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 99 to 100, and Post-Employment Healthcare Benefit Program - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages 101 to 102, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the legal debt margin computation and comparative schedule of property taxes extended, collected, and distributed but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chicago, Illinois November 30, 2023

Roth & Company LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Mattoon, Illinois (City) is intended to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information as furnished in the financial statements, which begin on page 17.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City, including the Mattoon Public Library (Library) component unit, has total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$137,006,434 and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$157,184,872, resulting in a net position of (\$20,178,438) as of April 30, 2023. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased from April 30, 2022 by \$3,337,014, total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased from April 30, 2022 by \$12,119,071, and the net position increased from April 30, 2022 by \$8,782,057. Of the net position as of April 30, 2023, \$70,820,824 represents the City and Library's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, \$3,806,536 is held for restricted purposes, and (\$94,805,798) is unrestricted and available to meet the City and Library's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's unrestricted cash position in the governmental activities increased by approximately \$4.3 million, from \$14.4 million to \$18.7 million. This is partially due to federal monies received from Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds that have not yet been fully spent. The City's unrestricted cash position in the business-type activities increased by approximately \$0.5 million, from \$5.0 million to \$5.5 million.
- The following table shows the changes in major revenue sources from fiscal year 2022 to 2023:

Source	2023	2022	Increase Decrease)
Intergovernmental shared revenues	\$ 14,892,606	\$ 14,555,696	\$ 336,910
Property tax revenues	6,183,991	5,846,294	337,697
Telecommunications taxes	443,413	382,125	61,288
Utility tax revenues	1,482,109	1,493,488	(11,379)
Water Fund charges for services	3,818,454	3,737,737	80,717
Sewer Fund charges for services	4,420,031	4,276,051	143,980
Charges for services	2,397,892	1,351,904	1,045,988
Total	\$ 33,638,496	\$ 31,643,295	\$ 1,995,201

Revenues were relatively consistent except for charges for services. This was mainly due to the City's re-entry into the ambulance service and charges to local school district for the school resource officers. Property tax increases in general are restricted due to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. Further, all of those resources are

committed to the Police and Fire Pension Funds as well as the Library. Only utility taxes show a decrease for the year.

- The City has long term capital improvement plans for all funds. In addition, a Mobile Equipment Fund functions as the funding mechanism for the replacement of the City's aging vehicle fleet. The City has continued to upgrade the technology used in operations and for the improvement of utility services. Major projects have been completed in the Sewer Fund during the fiscal year.
- Illinois statute restricts municipality general obligation debt to less than 8.625% of equalized property value. As most of the City's debt will be retired from revenue sources other than property taxes, the City is well below the statutory limit.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components:

- government-wide statements,
- fund financial statements, and
- notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business entities. The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 18 of this report.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish those functions of the municipality that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, known as governmental activities, from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and services charges, called business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public

works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, capital outlay, and other miscellaneous activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility services.

In addition to these various direct operations of the City, or primary government, the financial statements also include financial information related to legally distinct entities for which the City has financial responsibility and accountability, known as component units. The City's component units include the Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account, Library, Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, and Mattoon Police Pension Fund. These entities are described in Note 1 following the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with various finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of current spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources that can be converted to cash and balances available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Governmental funds include the general, capital projects, and special revenue funds. On the Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet, the General Fund is shown as a separate column and data from all nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Reconciliations follow the Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The reconciliations show the adjustments that are needed to convert the governmental funds financial statements to the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds maintained by the City are of two different types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. Proprietary fund

statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City's fund financial statements present separate enterprise fund information for the water and sewer utilities. The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

Internal service funds are used to account for enterprise-like operations that provide services, on a user fee basis, primarily or exclusively to departmental customers within the governmental entity itself, rather than to external customers. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employee and retiree health and life insurance and to account for the City's general liability, casualty, and workers compensation insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units. Financial statements showing these component units combined in a single column begin on page 26. Individual financial information for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund can be found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements* and *Schedules* on pages 118 through 119 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 28 of this report.

Additional Supplementary Information

Following the basic government-wide and fund financial statements and accompanying notes, combining statements are included for the nonmajor governmental funds and fiduciary component units.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position for the City is summarized in the following table. As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$21.7 million as of April 30, 2023. The negative net position for governmental activities has decreased and the positive net position for business-type activities has increased. The negative net position for governmental activities is reflective of the continuing burdens imposed on the City by its public safety pensions and its health plan for employees and retirees.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following table presents a summary of net position as of April 30, 2023 and 2022.

	Government	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Current and other assets	\$ 31,172,781	\$ 29,196,605	\$ 7,014,872	\$ 11,018,554	\$ 38,187,653	\$ 40,215,159	
Deferred outflows of resources	15,345,361	17,856,289	3,103,446	1,899,986	18,448,807	19,756,275	
Capital assets, net	32,732,362	33,161,782	45,485,105	45,035,532	78,217,467	78,197,314	
Total assets and							
deferred outflows of resources	79,250,504	80,214,676	55,603,423	57,954,072	134,853,927	138,168,748	
Current liabilities	4,570,604	2,850,961	701,247	994,969	5,271,851	3,845,930	
Deferred inflows of resources	30,788,605	36,639,991	· -	6,357,051	30,788,605	42,997,042	
Long-term liabilities	103,699,988	108,134,136	13,314,067	13,366,622	117,014,055	121,500,758	
Total liabilities and							
deferred inflows of resources	139,059,197	147,625,088	14,015,314	20,718,642	153,074,511	168,343,730	
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	32,735,255	33,141,844	36,626,917	37,010,618	69,362,172	70,152,462	
Restricted	3,804,009	3,435,059	-	- · · · · -	3,804,009	3,435,059	
Unrestricted	(96,347,957)	(103,987,315)	1,483,281	224,812	(94,864,676)	(103,762,503)	
Total net position	\$ (59,808,693)	\$ (67,410,412)	\$ 38,110,198	\$ 37,235,430	\$ (21,698,495)	\$ (30,174,982)	
Total net position as a % of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	(43.0%)	(45.7%)	271.9%	179.7%	(14.2%)	(17.9%)	
Unrestricted net position as a % of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	(69.3%)	(70.4%)	10.6%	1.1%	(62.0%)	(61.6%)	
	(0).270)	(/01./0)	10.070	11170	(02.070)	(01.070)	

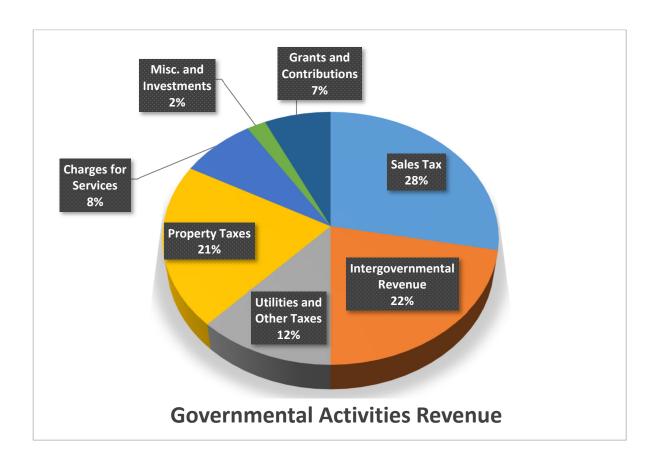
As of April 30, 2023, the governmental activities have a negative unrestricted net position of \$96,347,957. This is primarily due to unfunded net pension and health care liabilities for City workers. The business-type activities have a positive unrestricted net position of \$1,483,281.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis

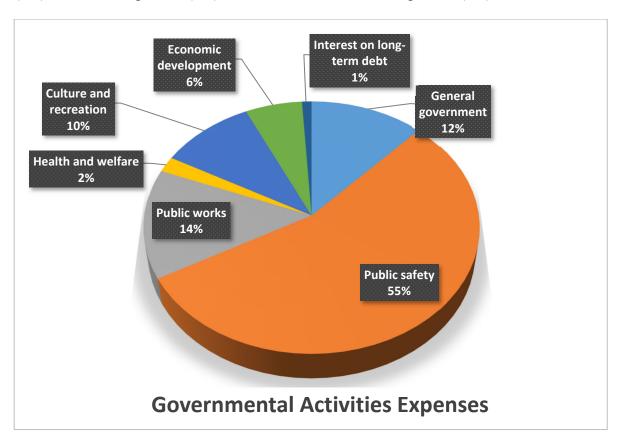
An examination of the *Statement of Activities* provides a concise picture of how the various activities of the City are funded. The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type activities and the changes in net position for the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 2,397,892	\$ 1,351,904	\$ 8,238,485	\$ 8,013,788	\$ 10,636,377	\$ 9,365,692
Operating grants and contributions		421,111	-	3,365	915,281	424,476
Capital grants and contributions	1,159,006	1,462,282	_	2,142,881	1,159,006	3,605,163
General revenues	,,	, - , -		, ,	,,	-,,
Property taxes	6,183,991	5,846,294	_	_	6,183,991	5,846,294
Sales taxes	8,338,848	8,156,684	_	-	8,338,848	8,156,684
Utility taxes	1,482,109	1,493,488	_	-	1,482,109	1,493,488
Telecommunication taxes	443,413	382,125	_	-	443,413	382,125
Other taxes	1,831,235	1,434,295	_	_	1,831,235	1,434,295
Other intergovernmental revenues	6,553,758	6,399,012	_	-	6,553,758	6,399,012
Investment income	416,700	18,903	38,236	15,756	454,936	34,659
Miscellaneous income	240,938	138,980	-	-	240,938	138,980
Gain on sale of assets, net	5,648	48,893	16,336	19,278	21,984	68,171
Total revenues	29,968,819	27,153,971	8,293,057	10,195,068	38,261,876	37,349,039
Expenses						
Program expenses						
General government	2,684,986	2,279,059	-	-	2,684,986	2,279,059
Public safety	11,702,353	9,725,229	-	-	11,702,353	9,725,229
Public works	3,062,725	2,615,527	-	-	3,062,725	2,615,527
Health and welfare	392,864	137,299	-	-	392,864	137,299
Culture and recreation	2,181,390	1,752,145	-	-	2,181,390	1,752,145
Economic development	1,477,289	761,494	-	-	1,477,289	761,494
Interest on long-term debt	136,095	148,129	-	-	136,095	148,129
Water	-	-	3,705,139	2,918,069	3,705,139	2,918,069
Sewer	-	-	4,178,014	3,608,847	4,178,014	3,608,847
Total expenses	21,637,702	17,418,882	7,883,153	6,526,916	29,520,855	23,945,798
Changes in net position	8,331,117	9,735,089	409,904	3,668,152	8,741,021	13,403,241
Net position, beginning of year,						
as previously reported	(67,410,412)	(77,145,501)	37,235,430	33,567,278	(30,174,982)	(43,578,223)
Restatement (see Note 17)	(729,398)	-	464,864	-	(264,534)	-
Net position, beginning of year,						
as restated	(68,139,810)	(77,145,501)	37,700,294	33,567,278	(30,439,516)	(43,578,223)
Net position, end of year	\$ (59,808,693)	\$ (67,410,412)	\$ 38,110,198	\$ 37,235,430	\$ (21,698,495)	\$ (30,174,982)

The following chart illustrates how governmental activities are funded. Sales taxes provided twenty-eight (28%) of the governmental activities revenue. Other intergovernmental revenues (state shared taxes) provided twenty-two percent (22%) of the governmental activities revenue. Property taxes provided twenty-one percent (21%) of the governmental activities revenue. Utility taxes and other taxes provided twelve percent (12%) of the governmental activities revenue. Taxes, in one form or another, comprised eighty-three percent (83%) of the governmental activities revenue. The remaining seventeen percent (17%) came from charges for services, eight percent (8%), miscellaneous and investment revenue, two percent (2%), and grants and contributions, seven percent (7%).



The following chart illustrates the expenses of the governmental activities. Public safety (fire and police protection) comprised fifty-five percent (55%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. Public works comprised fourteen percent (14%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. General government comprised twelve percent (12%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. The remaining nineteen percent (19%) came from expenses for culture and recreation, ten percent (10%), economic development, six percent (6%), interest, one percent (1%), and health and welfare, two percent (2%).



Business-type activities, water and sewer utilities, depend on charges for services as their primary revenue sources. Primarily all revenues are generated from user charges.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUND

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds financial statements is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of April 30, 2023, the City's *Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet* reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,180,055, an increase of \$2,782,661 from April 30, 2022. Of the ending fund balances total, \$167,073 is considered nonspendable, \$4,011,706 is restricted, \$2,205,449 is committed, \$1,070,929 is assigned, and \$10,724,898 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of the City. Its basic operations are public safety and public works. The largest revenue sources for the General Fund are taxes and intergovernmental revenues which account for eighty-seven percent (87%) of revenues. Approximately seventy-three percent (73%) of the General Fund expenditures of \$22.1 million are allocated to the public safety sector. Another twelve percent (12%) of the General Fund expenditures are derived from the functions of general government. Approximately five percent (5%) of the General Fund's expenditures are derived from the public works operations.

The General Fund has a fund balance of \$12,417,538, an increase of \$1,239,162 over the balance as of April 30, 2022. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is available to be applied in a future year's budget, to one-time capital projects, or to reduce outstanding debt.

With regard to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds, the Motor Fuel Tax had a total fund balance of \$1,172,425, the Midtown TIF District had a fund balance of \$847,592, and the Broadway East TIF District had a fund balance of \$561,034. The Motor Fuel Tax balance primarily reflects the amounts designated to pay for maintenance of existing streets, resurfacing and construction of new streets. The Midtown TIF District is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project. The Broadway East TIF District's fund balance is generally available to pay for eligible redevelopment costs and expenses related to projects within the district. The Capital Projects has a fund balance of \$1,750,811 and this may be used to fund the City's various infrastructure projects. The Broadway East Business District is used to implement the plan and project for this Business District and has a fund balance of \$583,263. The remaining funds included in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds column in the Combining Balance Sheet are the Hotel and Motel Tax, Home Rehabilitation Grant, I-57 East TIF District, I-57 East Business District, South Route 45 Business District, South Route 45 TIF District, and the Remington Road and I-57 Business District. These remaining funds have a total fund balance as of April 30, 2023 of \$847,392. The total accumulated fund balances of all of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds increased by \$1,543,499 during the year ended April 30, 2023.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The detail of the City's proprietary funds can be found from page 23 to page 25. The net position of the enterprise type proprietary funds at April 30, 2023 was \$38,110,198, an increase of \$409,904 from the previous year.

For the year ended April 30, 2023, operating revenues in the Water Fund totaled \$3,818,454 (an increase of \$79,997 from fiscal year 2022), operating expenses totaled \$3,705,005 (an increase of \$786,986 from fiscal year 2022) producing operating income of \$113,399 (a decrease of \$706,989 from fiscal year 2022). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted to an increase in net position of \$38,137, leaving an increase to net position in the Water Fund of \$151,536. The largest factor in the increase in operating expenses was the increase in water distribution and treatment plant expenses. Additionally, a water rate increase went into effect on May 1, 2022.

For the year ended April 30, 2023, revenues in the Sewer Fund totaled \$4,420,031 (an increase of \$141,335 from fiscal year 2022), operating expenses totaled \$4,057,177 (an increase of \$566,605 from fiscal year 2022) producing operating income of \$362,854 (a decrease of \$425,270 from fiscal year 2022). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted to a decrease in net position of \$104,486, leaving an increase to net position in the Sewer Fund of \$258,368. The largest factor in the increase in operating expenses was the increase in sewer collection systems and wastewater treatment plant expenses. Similar to the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund had a rate increase that became effective on May 1, 2022.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Required Supplementary Information section contains the *Schedule of Revenues*, *Expenditures*, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual for the General Fund on page 91. The final fiscal year 2023 General Fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$24,854,582 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$25,063,074 leaving the amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$208,492. The actual amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses was \$1,239,162, a positive budget to actual variance of \$1,030,670

The largest variances in General Fund revenues were from taxes, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Taxes exceeded the budgeted amount by \$100,993. Intergovernmental revenues were less than the budgeted amount by \$401,330. Charges for services were greater than the budgeted amount by \$424,597. Fines and forfeitures and investment income were under budget and licenses and permits and contributions and miscellaneous revenues were over budget. General Fund expenditures had an overall variance of \$143,097, with positive variances in General Government, Public Safety, and Public Works and negative variances in Health and Welfare, Culture and Recreation, and Economic Development.

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for each of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds can be found in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, beginning on page 103.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT

Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has recorded historical costs and depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets in the financial statements for the year ended on April 30, 2023. As summarized in the table below, the City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2023 totaled \$193.7 million. Forty-eight percent (48%) of this total cost was related to the business-type activities, with the City's sewer collection and treatment system and water distribution system comprising the most significant component. The governmental activities comprised approximately fifty-two percent (52%) of the total, with the most significant portion being the infrastructure (roads, bridges, and sidewalks) of the City.

Total accumulated depreciation was \$115.5 million, or sixty percent (60%) of the historical asset cost. Net of accumulated depreciation, the City's investment in capital assets is \$78.2 million.

Capital Assets, Net April 30, 2023

	Governmental	Business-type	
Classification	Activities	Activities	Total
Land	\$ 3,556,500	\$ 587,155	\$ 4,143,655
Construction in progress	214,882	960,033	1,174,915
Buildings and improvements	13,588,356	13,250,379	26,838,735
Infrastructure	70,661,684	-	70,661,684
Improvements other than buildings	6,177,044	428,198	6,605,242
Treat. collect. and distrib. systems	-	71,931,642	71,931,642
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	6,526,171	5,805,081	12,331,252
Subtotal	100,724,637	92,962,488	193,687,125
Less: accumulated depreciation	(67,992,275)	(47,477,383)	(115,469,658)
Total	\$ 32,732,362	\$ 45,485,105	\$ 78,217,467

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the fiscal year. Additional information on the City's leases can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

On April 30, 2023, the City had \$117,014,055 of long-term liabilities outstanding, a decrease of \$4,486,703 from April 30, 2022, as summarized in the following table:

General Obligation Bonds, Notes Outstanding, and Other Long-Term Liabilities April 30, 2023

	Governmental		Bu	siness-type		
Classification		Activities		Activities		Total
General obligation bonds	\$	4,355,000	\$	293,472	\$	4,648,472
Notes payable		336,647		8,568,338		8,904,985
Lease payable		7,750		3,241		10,991
Compensated absences		951,782		329,266		1,281,048
Net pension liability		64,402,970		737,626		65,140,596
OPEB liability		33,645,839		3,382,124		37,027,963
Total	\$	103,699,988	\$	13,314,067	\$	117,014,055

The liability for general obligation bonds decreased \$1,216,943 due to principal payments on the bonds. The notes payable increased by \$1,384,245 mainly due to borrowing for the Sewer Fund projects.

The net pension liability, compensated absences, and total OPEB liability decreased by \$465,076, \$44,037, \$4,155,883, respectively, from prior year. Detailed information regarding specific debt can be found in Notes 9, 10, and 11 beginning on page 56.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. The City's financial statements are available on the website (www.mattoon illinois.org). Questions about this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department at 208 North 19th Street, Mattoon, Illinois, 61938. Finance Department staff can also be reached at (217) 235-5483.



	J		Primary Government				Component Unit	
	Go	Governmental		siness-Type			Mattoon	
		Activities		Activities		Total	Pub	lic Library
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	18,748,648	\$	5,458,956	\$	24,207,604	\$	447,579
Restricted cash and investments		423,561		492,654		916,215		-
Receivables, net		11,600,682		1,125,466		12,726,148		2,482
Due from (to) other funds		84,324		(84,324)		-		-
Due from component units		17,987		-		17,987		-
Prepaid items		122,886		6,250		129,136		-
Lease receivable		31,415		11,418		42,833		-
Cemetery development		60,652		-		60,652		-
Loans receivable		71,983		-		71,983		-
Capital assets not depreciated		3,771,382		1,547,188		5,318,570		-
Capital assets depreciated, net		28,960,980		43,937,917		72,898,897		1,503,652
Right-to-use assets, net		10,643		4,452		15,095		-
Total assets		63,905,143		52,499,977		116,405,120		1,953,713
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items - IMRF		1,786,049		2,316,744		4,102,793		185,772
Deferred items - Police Pension		5,974,209		-		5,974,209		-
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension		1,962,915		_		1,962,915		_
Deferred items - OPEB		5,622,188		786,702		6,408,890		13,022
Total deferred outflows of resources		15,345,361		3,103,446		18,448,807		198,794
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,262,162		491,820		2,753,982		10,580
Due to primary government		2,202,102		491,020		2,733,962		17,987
Due to component units		135,340		_		135,340		17,507
Unearned revenue		2,162,249		_		2,162,249		_
Other payables from restricted assets		10,853		209,427		220,280		_
Long-term liabilities		10,033		207,427		220,200		
Due within one year		892,645		846,320		1,738,965		7,437
Due in more than one year		102,807,343		12,467,747		115,275,090		207,291
Total liabilities		108,270,592		14,015,314		122,285,906		243,295
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items - IMRF		129,901		168,499		298,400		13,511
Deferred items - Police Pension				100,499				13,311
		10,434,789		-		10,434,789		-
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension		2,193,366		2 200 216		2,193,366		275 (44
Deferred items - OPEB		10,990,056		3,298,216		14,288,272		375,644
Deferred lease income		30,804		11,196		42,000		-
Current refundings - unamortized bond premiums		27,703		-		27,703		-
Deferred property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources		6,981,986 30,788,605		3,477,911		6,981,986 34,266,516		389,155
		20,700,002		2,177,511		2 .,200,210		203,122
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		32,735,255		36,626,917		69,362,172		1,458,652
Restricted for:		32,733,233		30,020,917		09,302,172		1,436,032
Public safety		61,522		-		61,522		-
Highways and streets		1,172,425		-		1,172,425		-
Culture and recreation		390,878		-		390,878		2,527
Economic development		1,868,958		-		1,868,958		· -
Cemetery maintenance		310,226		-		310,226		-
Unrestricted		(96,347,957)		1,483,281		(94,864,676)		58,878
Total net position	\$	(59,808,693)	\$	38,110,198	\$	(21,698,495)	\$	1,520,057

						t Position		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenu Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Primary Governmen Business-Type Activities	nt Total	Component Unit Mattoon Public Library
	•							·
Primary government Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 2,684,986	\$ 350,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,334,702)	\$ -	\$ (2,334,702)	
Public safety	11,702,353	1,371,766	412,940	15,198	(9,902,449)	Ψ -	(9,902,449)	
Public works	3,062,725	112,424	4,101	1,143,808	(1,802,392)	_	(1,802,392)	
Health and welfare	392,864	86,280	-	-	(306,584)		(306,584)	
Culture and recreation	2,181,390	477,138	297,108	-	(1,407,144)		(1,407,144)	
Economic development	1,477,289	-	201,132	-	(1,276,157)	-	(1,276,157)	
Interest on long-term debt	136,095	-	-	-	(136,095)	-	(136,095)	
Total governmental activities	21,637,702	2,397,892	915,281	1,159,006	(17,165,523)		(17,165,523)	
Business-type activities:								
Water Fund	3,705,139	3,818,454	-	-	-	113,315	113,315	
Sewer Fund	4,178,014	4,420,031				242,017	242,017	
Total business-type activities	7,883,153	8,238,485				355,332	355,332	
Total primary government	29,520,855	10,636,377	915,281	1,159,006	(17,165,523)	355,332	(16,810,191)	
Component Unit								
Mattoon Public Library	\$ 514,801	\$ 10,330	\$ 120,170	\$ -				\$ (384,301)
	General revenues:				4.040.610		4.040.610	
	Property taxes				4,849,610	-	4,849,610	-
	TIF property tax in Telecommunicatio				1,334,381 443,413	-	1,334,381 443,413	-
	Utility taxes	ns taxes			1,482,109	-	1,482,109	-
	Business district ta	IV AC			922,692	-	922,692	-
	Other taxes	ixes			908,543	_	908,543	
	Payments from pri	mary governmen	ıt		,00,5.5	_	-	616,691
	Sales taxes	, 8	-		8,338,848	_	8,338,848	-
	Income and use tax	kes			3,352,364	_	3,352,364	-
	Other intergovernr	nental revenues			3,201,394	-	3,201,394	-
	Investment income	e			416,700	38,236	454,936	2,537
	Miscellaneous inco	ome			240,938	-	240,938	-
	Gain on disposal o	f capital asstes			5,648	16,336	21,984	
	Total general reven	ues			25,496,640	54,572	25,551,212	619,228
	CHANGE IN NET P	OSITION			8,331,117	409,904	8,741,021	234,927
	NET POSITION - BI AS RESTATED (S		YEAR,		(68,139,810)	37,700,294	(30,439,516)	1,285,130
	IIIIII (S.				(00,100,010)	57,700,274	(50,157,510)	1,200,130
	NET POSITION - E	ND OF YEAR			\$ (59,808,693)	\$ 38,110,198	\$ (21,698,495)	\$ 1,520,057

	Ge	eneral Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	12,154,496	\$ 6,177,143	\$	18,331,639
Restricted cash and investments		414,810	<u>-</u>		414,810
Receivables, net		9,188,264	2,331,709		11,519,973
Due from other funds		<u>-</u>	150,411		150,411
Due from component units		10,548	-		10,548
Prepaid items		34,438	-		34,438
Loans receivable		71,983	-		71,983
Cemetery development		60,652	 		60,652
TOTAL ASSETS		21,935,191	 8,659,263		30,594,454
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		724,795	1,001,613		1,726,408
Due to other funds		403,477	1,488		404,965
Due to component units		135,340	-		135,340
Unearned revenue		2,162,249	 		2,162,249
Total liabilities		3,425,861	1,003,101		4,428,962
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue		6,091,792	 1,893,645		7,985,437
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		167,073	-		167,073
Restricted for:					
Highways and streets		_	1,172,425		1,172,425
Culture and recreation		-	462,727		462,727
Economic development		_	2,376,554		2,376,554
Committed		454,638	1,750,811		2,205,449
Assigned		1,070,929	-		1,070,929
Unassigned	_	10,724,898			10,724,898
Total fund balances		12,417,538	5,762,517		18,180,055
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$	21,935,191	\$ 8,659,263	\$	30,594,454

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	18,180,055
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different due to:			
Capital assets and right-to-use assets used in governmental activities			
are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.			32,743,005
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions and OPEB			
not reported in the funds			
Deferred items - IMRF	\$	1,656,148	
Deferred items - Police Pension		(4,460,580)	
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension		(230,451)	
Deferred items - OPEB	-	(5,367,868)	(8,402,751)
Receivables not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, not reported in the funds.			1,004,062
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Interest on long-term debt is not			
accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an			
expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term			
are reported in the Statement of Net Position.			
Accrued interest payable		(49,267)	
Deferred loss on refundings		(27,703)	
Net pension liabilities:			
IMRF		(568,658)	
Police Pension		(31,361,071)	
Firefighters' Pension		(32,473,241)	
Compensated absences		(951,782)	
OPEB liabillity		(33,645,839)	
Leases payable		(7,750)	
General obligation bonds		(4,355,000)	
Notes payable		(336,647)	
Total long-term liabilities			(103,776,958)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain			
activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of			
the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the			
Statement of Net Position.			443,894
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(59,808,693)

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 4,849,610	\$ -	\$ 4,849,610		
TIF property tax increment	63,433	1,270,948	1,334,381		
Telecommunication taxes	430,622	-	430,622		
Utility taxes	1,482,109	-	1,482,109		
Business district taxes	-	836,201	836,201		
Licenses and permits	293,093	-	293,093		
Other taxes	529,461	383,747	913,208		
Sales taxes	8,345,596		8,345,596		
Income and use taxes	3,346,892		3,346,892		
Motor fuel taxes	-	709,897	709,897		
Other intergovernmental revenues	2,919,635	1,349,041	4,268,676		
Charges for services	1,840,045	-	1,840,045		
Fines and forfeitures	399,540	-	399,540		
Investment income	356,221	59,636	415,857		
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	429,680	107,755	537,435		
Total revenues	25,285,937	4,717,225	30,003,162		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	2,566,097	-	2,566,097		
Public safety	16,095,865	-	16,095,865		
Public works	1,144,801	647,414	1,792,215		
Health and welfare	331,100	-	331,100		
Culture and recreation	1,802,632	367,916	2,170,548		
Economic development	151,992	1,286,604	1,438,596		
Capital outlay	-	2,039,701	2,039,701		
Debt service:		_,,,,,,,	_,,,,,,,		
Principal	5,544	669,594	675,138		
Interest and fiscal charges	966	150,187	151,153		
Total expenditures	22,098,997	5,161,416	27,260,413		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	3,186,940	(444,191)	2,742,749		
OVER EAFEINDITURES	3,180,940	(444,191)	2,742,749		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	1,989,444	1,989,444		
Transfers out	(1,985,844)	(3,600)	(1,989,444)		
Proceeds from sale of assets	38,066	1,846	39,912		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,947,778)	1,987,690	39,912		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,239,162	1,543,499	2,782,661		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	11,178,376	4,219,018	15,397,394		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,417,538	\$ 5,762,517	\$ 18,180,055		

change in fund balances		\$ 2,782,661
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities,		
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		
expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current		
period.		
Capital outlays	\$ 2,221,281	
Depreciation and amortization	(1,695,914)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	 (34,264)	491,10
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions and OPEB		
not reported in the funds.		
Changes in deferred items - IMRF	3,785,149	
Changes in deferred items - Police Pension	(1,458,969)	
Changes in deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	4,441,459	
Changes in deferred items - OPEB	 (2,794,877)	3,972,76
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are		
not reported as revenues in the funds and some amounts reported as revenues in the		
funds were reported as revenues on the Statement of Activities in the prior year.		
This is the net effect of these differences in revenue recognition.		(39,99
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes		
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has		
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,		
discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are		
deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of		
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Principal repayments - G.O. bonds, notes payable, leases payable	669,594	
Change in unamortized premium	 6,837	676,43
Certain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government funds.		
Changes in net pension liabilities:		
IMRF	(3,906,576)	
Police Pension	2,917,774	
Firefighters' Pension	(1,146,414)	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	8,221	
Derease in compensated absences	49,241	
Decrease in other postemployment benefit obligation	2,520,361	
Decrease in lease payable	 5,544	 448,15

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities	
	Water Fund	Cowen Fund	Т-4-1	Internal Service	
ASSETS	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	Funds	
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 2,171,917	\$ 3,287,039	\$ 5,458,956	\$ 417,009	
Restricted cash and investments	141,040	351,614	492,654	8,751	
Accounts receivable, net	518,784	606,682	1,125,466	80,709	
Due from other funds	, -		-	338,878	
Due from component units	_	_	-	7,439	
Prepaid items	-	6,250	6,250	88,448	
Lease receivable - current	4,109	-	4,109	-	
Total current assets	2,835,850	4,251,585	7,087,435	941,234	
Noncurrent assets:					
Lease receivable	7,309	-	7,309	-	
Capital assets not depreciated	507,088	1,040,100	1,547,188	-	
Capital assets depreciated, net	14,270,485	29,667,432	43,937,917	-	
Right-of-use assets, net	1,796	2,656	4,452	-	
Total noncurrent assets	14,786,678	30,710,188	45,496,866		
Total assets	17,622,528	34,961,773	52,584,301	941,234	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred items - IMRF	1,175,949	1,140,795	2,316,744	_	
Deferred items - OPEB	213,201	573,501	786,702	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,389,150	1,714,296	3,103,446		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	129,275	362,545	491,820	486,487	
Due to other funds	41,574	42,750	84,324	<u>-</u>	
Compensated absences - current	35,617	30,237	65,854	_	
General obligation bonds - current	, <u>-</u>	293,472	293,472	-	
Notes payable - current	_	484,583	484,583	-	
Lease payable - current	973	1,438	2,411	-	
Other payables from restricted assets	209,427	· -	209,427	10,853	
Total current liabilities	416,866	1,215,025	1,631,891	497,340	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Notes payable	-	8,083,755	8,083,755	-	
Lease payable	334	496	830	-	
Compensated absences	142,466	120,946	263,412	-	
Net pension liability - IMRF	374,409	363,217	737,626	-	
OPEB liability	1,845,252	1,536,872	3,382,124	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,362,461	10,105,286	12,467,747		
Total liabilities	2,779,327	11,320,311	14,099,638	497,340	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred items - IMRF	85,528	82,971	168,499	-	
Deferred items - OPEB	1,645,961	1,652,255	3,298,216	-	
Deferred lease income	11,196	-	11,196	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,742,685	1,735,226	3,477,911	-	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	14,779,035	21,847,882	36,626,917	-	
Unrestricted	(289,369)	1,772,650	1,483,281	443,894	
Total net position	\$ 14,489,666	\$ 23,620,532	\$ 38,110,198	\$ 443,894	

		Business-	Type A	activities - Enter	prise F	unds		overnmental Activities
	V	Vater Fund	S	ewer Fund	Total		Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES		ater runu		cwei Fund		Total		Tunus
Charges for services	\$	3,818,454	\$	4,420,031	\$	8,238,485	\$	-
Fund charges and employee contributions		-		-		-		6,017,397
Miscellaneous operating revenue		_		-		-		41,005
Total operating revenue		3,818,454		4,420,031		8,238,485		6,058,402
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Reservoirs and sources of supply		11,413		-		11,413		-
Water treatment plant		1,298,135		-		1,298,135		_
Water distribution		750,544		-		750,544		_
Sewer collection system		-		891,756		891,756		_
Sewer lift stations		-		140,714		140,714		_
Wastewater treatment plant		-		1,128,914		1,128,914		_
Accounting and collection		523,736		386,832		910,568		_
Administrative and general		356,278		501,724		858,002		565,524
Insurance		_		-		-		1,902,893
Health claims and uninsured judgments		-		-		-		3,590,069
Depreciation and amortization		764,949		1,007,237		1,772,186		-
Total operating expenses		3,705,055		4,057,177		7,762,232		6,058,486
Operating income (loss)		113,399		362,854		476,253		(84)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment income	,	22,622		15,614		38,236		84
Interest expense		(84)		(120,837)		(120,921)		-
Gain on sale of assets		15,599		737		16,336		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		38,137		(104,486)		(66,349)		84
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		151,536		258,368		409,904		-
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR,								
AS RESTATED (SEE NOTE 17)		14,338,130		23,362,164		37,700,294		443,894
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	14,489,666	\$	23,620,532	\$	38,110,198	\$	443,894

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES					
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 3,841,391	\$ 4,467,236	\$ 8,308,627	\$ - 4,530,615	
Receipts from component units	-		-	92,144	
Receipts from employees and retirees	-	_	- -	1,343,943	
Payments to employees	(1,179,022)	(1,154,649)	(2,333,671)	-	
Payments to suppliers	(1,320,106)	(1,684,503)	(3,004,609)	(1,983,600)	
Payments to claimants	-	-	-	(3,628,323)	
Payments for interfund services used	(518,503)	(555,565)	(1,074,068)	-	
Other payments				(34,841)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	823,760	1,072,519	1,896,279	319,938	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITES					
Purchase of capital assets	(258,281)	(1,962,369)	(2,220,650)	-	
Principal payments on debt	-	(953,569)	(953,569)	-	
Debt proceeds	-	1,790,465	1,790,465	-	
Interest and fiscal charges Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(258,281)	(126,326)	(126,326) (1,510,080)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(238,281)	(1,251,799)	(1,310,080)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES					
Proceeds from sale of assets	15,599	20,986	36,585	-	
Investment income, net	11,208	15,614	26,822	84	
Net cash provided by investing activities	26,807	36,600	63,407	84	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH					
AND RESTRICTED CASH	592,286	(142,680)	449,606	320,022	
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH					
- BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,720,671	3,781,333	5,502,004	105,738	
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH					
- END OF YEAR	\$ 2,312,957	\$ 3,638,653	\$ 5,951,610	\$ 425,760	
Paganailiation of analysing income (loss) to not each					
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 113,399	\$ 362,854	\$ 476,253	\$ (84)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$ 113,377	\$ 502,654	Ψ 10,233	ý (O T)	
cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	764,949	1,007,237	1,772,186	-	
(Increase) decrease in assets:					
Increase in accounts receivable, net	12,508	47,201	59,709	(75,846)	
(Increases) decrease in due from other funds	720	2,644	3,364	(49,247)	
Increase in due from component units	-	-	-	(1,448)	
Decrease in prepaid items	-	2	2	324,803	
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows of resources: Increase in deferred items - IMRF	(070,004)	(054 (05)	(1,934,569)		
Decrease in deferred items - INTRY	(979,884) 251,120	(954,685) 482,146	733,266	-	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	231,120	462,140	755,200	-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable					
and accrued expenses	5,673	(328,832)	(323,159)	121,370	
Increase in due to other funds	8,543	7,588	16,131	-	
Increase in compensated absences	4,228	976	5,204	-	
Increase in net pension liability - IMRF	2,736,286	2,605,173	5,341,459	-	
Decrease in OPEB liability	(952,460)	(683,062)	(1,635,522)	-	
Increase in other payables from restricted assets	10,428	-	10,428	390	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources:		4	4		
Decrease in deferred items - IMRF	(1,616,996)	(1,533,110)	(3,150,106)	-	
Increase in deferred items - OPEB	\$ 823.760	\$ 1,072,510	\$ 1,633	\$ 319,938	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 823,760	\$ 1,072,519	\$ 1,896,279	\$ 319,938	

City of Mattoon, Illinois Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2023 Exhibit J

	Pensi	Pension Trust Funds		
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	343,134		
Investments, at fair value:				
Insurance contracts		25,433,618		
Annuities		594,459		
Mutual funds		1,584,134		
Pooled investments		14,459,608		
Dividends receivable		6,281		
Prepaid items		2,534		
Due from primary government		135,340		
Total assets		42,559,108		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		273,239		
NET POSITION		4		
Restricted for pensions	\$	42,285,869		

City of Mattoon, Illinois Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2023 Exhibit K

	Pension Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	6,199,023
Plan members		469,761
Others		26,805
Total contributions		6,695,589
Investment income:		
Interest and dividend income		164,095
Decrease in fair value of investments		(92,784)
Net investment gain		71,311
Total additions		6,766,900
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits and refunds of contributions		6,042,864
Administrative expenses		85,096
Total deductions		6,127,960
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		638,940
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		41,646,929
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	42,285,869

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Mattoon (City), incorporated in 1857, is located in Coles County in east central Illinois on Interstate 57, 183 miles south of Chicago. It lies 27 miles north of Interstate 70, about midway between St. Louis and Indianapolis.

The City operates under an elected Commission form of government. The City Council, which has policymaking and legislative authority, consists of a mayor and four commissioners. The council members are elected on a nonpartisan "at large" basis every four years to a four-year term. The City Council, among other things, is responsible for passing ordinances, resolutions and adopting the annual municipal budget. The council appoints persons to boards, advisory commissions, and departmental directors. The City's major operations include public safety, public works, recreation and parks, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two major enterprise activities, a water plant and local sewer system.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following significant accounting policies apply to the City and its component units.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1. Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either
 (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (b) the
 possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or
 impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2. Fiscal dependency on the primary government and there is a potential to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units. The financial data of the component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Blended Component Unit

A blended component unit is a legally separate entity from the City but is so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, the same as the City. The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account is governed by the 2% Foreign Fire Board and is treated as a blended component unit because its sole purpose is to account for monies received from the Illinois Municipal League to the City's firefighters to purchase equipment and supplies. The entity is reported as part of the General Fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

A discretely presented component unit is an entity that is legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable, or whose relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City's discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Mattoon Public Library (Library) - The Library is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees appointed by the City Council. The Library is financially accountable to the City as the City's approval is needed for the levy of property taxes for the Library operations and to issue bonded debt on behalf of the Library.

Fiduciary Component Units

Police Pension Trust Fund - The Police Pension Trust Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members are appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected by pension beneficiaries, and two elected police employees constitute the pension board.

Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund - The Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members are appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected by pension beneficiaries, and two elected fire employees constitute the pension board.

The Police and Firefighters' Pension Trust Funds were established to provide retirement, death, and disability payments to the police and firemen of the City or their beneficiaries; each is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. Contribution levels are mandated by Illinois State statutes and may be

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

amended only by the Illinois legislature. Sources of revenue to the funds are primarily through investment earnings, employee contributions, and employer contributions, which are generated via specific property taxes levied by the City Council to meet the employer contribution requirements.

The Police and Firefighters' Pension Trust Funds are reported as fiduciary component units in accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The data is included in the City's fiduciary fund financial statements because the fund is fiscally dependent on the City and provides services entirely to the City's current and former employees. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans do not issue separate component unit reports.

B. Joint Venture

The Mattoon Police Department, which is a department within the City, is a participant with the Illinois State Police, Charleston Police Department, Arcola Police Department, Eastern Illinois University Police Department, Coles County Sheriff's Department, and Douglas County Sheriff's Department in a joint venture known as the East Central Illinois Task Force (Task Force). This authority was created to provide citizens of each jurisdiction the most effective drug law enforcement protection against those who engage in actions detrimental to public safety. In the event of dissolution of the Task Force, all Task Force property obtained through grants from the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority (Authority) shall be disposed of consistent with the current property management or disposition guidelines issued by the Authority's Office of Federal Assistance Programs. All non-grant Task Force property, inventory, and all existing or currently pending forfeited assets will be distributed between the current participants.

The Task Force is governed by a Board of Directors which consists of the Sheriff or Chief (as the case may be) of each participating agency and the Zone Commander of the Illinois State Police. Each agency assigns, commissions, or funds a full-time police officer to the Task Force except the Arcola Police Department, which commissions a peace officer for employment by the Task Force. The officers remain employees of the agencies from which they were appointed for payroll purposes with the exception of the personnel from the Arcola Police Department. The City is the fiduciary agent of the Task Force, passing a federal grant through to the Task Force and providing oversight. Complete financial statements for the Task Force can be obtained from the Mattoon Police Department at 1710 Wabash Avenue, Mattoon, Illinois 61938.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The majority of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures in the funds involved. Therefore, charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government are included since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital expenditures of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds including its fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs. Revenues from shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes) are also recognized in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, provided the state is required to share the revenues under an act of law. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are budgeted to be used. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available, including revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) and shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes). Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied as long as they meet the measurable and available criteria. Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of principal and interest payments on general long-term debt which are recognized as liabilities when paid, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a

future period and is not recognized as an inflow of resources or revenue until that time.

Unearned revenues included under the liabilities section of the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet arise when resources are received prior to the City having a legal claim to them.

Property taxes are levied no later than the last Tuesday of December. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year that the levy ordinance was enacted. The taxes are payable by property owners in two equal installments. The first installment is due 30 days after the bills are mailed, while the second payment is due around September 1. The Coles County Treasurer distributed the 2021 tax extension to the City on June 24, 2022, July 29, 2022, September 28, 2022, and November 18, 2022. The City Council adopted the 2022 tax levy (receivable in calendar year 2023) on November 30, 2022. The 2022 property tax levy is a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds statements and government-wide statements, since the levy is intended to finance fiscal year 2023 expenditures. Property tax revenues recorded in these financial statements are from the 2021 and prior tax levies. TIF property taxes are not levied, but are paid by the County from incremental property tax receipts of all taxing bodies within a TIF District. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water enterprise fund, the Sewer enterprise fund, and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

E. Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Capital Projects</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included among these funds are:

<u>Motor Fuel Tax</u> - This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to projects financed by the motor fuel tax funds collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

 $\underline{\text{Hotel and Motel Tax}}$ - This fund is used to account for the collection of a 5% room occupancy tax.

<u>Home Rehabilitation Grant</u> - This fund is used to account for housing grants and related expenditures.

<u>Midtown TIF District</u> - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Mattoon Midtown Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11 - 74.4-3 et seq.).

<u>I-57 East TIF District</u> - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

<u>I-57 East Business District</u> - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City

of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1 74.3-1 et. seq.).

South Rt 45 TIF District - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

South Rt 45 Business District - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Business District Plan, including all sales tax and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Business District as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Broadway East TIF District - This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

Broadway East Business District - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Remington Road and I-57 Business District - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Remington Road and I-57 Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the

Remington Road and I-57 Business District as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

F. Proprietary Funds

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's water distribution system.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

The City reports the following nonmajor proprietary funds:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal Service Funds are used to account for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Health Insurance</u> - This fund is used to account for employee and retiree health insurance.

<u>Insurance and Tort Judgment</u> - This fund is used to account for the insurance premiums paid by the City.

G. Other Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial

capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type component units.

H. Deposits and Investments

The City considers cash on hand, checking accounts, savings accounts, money market funds, and investments held with an original maturity date of less than three months to be cash and cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash pool for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is included in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments of the City, as well as its component units, are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Unrealized gains or losses from the appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments in the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund are reported as "net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments."

The City follows GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which provides a framework for measuring fair value under U.S. GAAP. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

This statement requires that valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs and establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the valuation inputs into three broad levels as described below.

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology derived from unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 Other observable inputs including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets, and inputs that are principally derived from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology which are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurements. These inputs are only used when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available.

Statutes authorize the City and the Library to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, direct obligations of any bank or savings and loan association that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), short-term obligations of corporations subject to certain qualifications, money market mutual funds whose portfolios are limited to governmental securities and obligations, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, and bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, subject to certain qualifications.

Statutes authorize the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds component units to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, bonds of the State of Illinois, bonds of any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, money market mutual funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940 subject to certain restrictions, general accounts of life insurance companies authorized to transact business in Illinois, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies subject to certain qualifications, and mutual funds meeting certain requirements. Through an appointed investment adviser, the Pension Fund component units can also invest in common and preferred stocks, subject to certain requirements. Furthermore, investments may be made in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions covered by depository insurance.

Statutes limit the Fund's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 65%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund. The blended asset class is comprised of all other asset classes to allow for rebalancing the portfolio.

I. Restricted Cash and Investments

The General Fund has restricted cash and investments for mausoleums and cemetery perpetual care, police - driving while under the influence and seizures, and Mattoon Arts Council. The Water Fund has restricted cash for customer meter deposits. The Sewer Fund has restricted cash for debt service requirements. The Health Insurance has restricted cash for the employees' flexible spending account. The Library has restricted contributions and grants.

J. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans or

"advances to/from other funds" for the noncurrent portion of interfund loans. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes receivable have been adjusted for estimated uncollectible accounts. Water and sewer customer receivables are shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on historical collection experience. If actual defaults are higher than the historical experience, management's estimate of the recoverability of amounts due the City could be adversely affected.

K. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

It has been the policy of the Water and Sewer Funds to charge all materials, chemicals, repair parts, and supplies directly to expense at the time they are purchased. Therefore, no inventory is included in these funds. Inventories of governmental funds are considered immaterial at year-end.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the applicable governmental funds.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Land, buildings, furniture, equipment, and vehicles are included at estimated historical cost on various dates prior to December 7, 1971. Property purchased subsequent to that date is valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The City has adopted an ordinance establishing capitalization thresholds for different classes of capital assets. The capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Property	Threshold			
Land	\$ 5,000			
Buildings and improvements	50,000			
Infrastructure	50,000			
Equipment and vehicles	10,000			
Software	10,000			

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed.

Depreciation has been reported using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Property	Years
Buildings and building improvements	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Infrastructure:	
Sidewalks and bike paths	15
Streets, curbs and gutters	20
Traffic signals	25
Bridges and storm sewers	50
Radio-read water meter equipment	10
Equipment and vehicles	5
Software	2

M. Right-to-Use Assets

The City has recorded right-to-use assets amounting to \$10,000 or more in the government-wide financial statements as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. Right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

N. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits to specified maximums. Upon separation from service, employees are eligible to receive all vacation time and a portion of accumulated sick time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental funds and the governmental component unit, the amount of compensated absences payable from available resources is recorded only when due for payment, such as when an employee retires or resigns.

O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns or proprietary fund's statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, if applicable, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, as the differences between the straight-line method and the effective interest method are considered immaterial. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount, if applicable. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, bond issuance costs, and refunding charges during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Charges related to refunding bonds are reported as other financing uses.

P. Fund Balances

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is the difference between assets and combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in a governmental fund. The following types of fund balances may be presented in the Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet, Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet, and Governmental Component Unit (Library) - Balance Sheet:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not available to be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The General Fund presents nonspendable fund balance because the amounts are not in spendable form.

Restricted Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is subject to constraints either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The following funds present restricted fund balances: Motor Fuel Tax - restricted for public works; Hotel and Motel Tax - restricted for culture and recreation; Home Rehabilitation Grant, Midtown TIF District, I-57 East TIF District, I-57 East Business District, South Rt 45 TIF District, South Rt 45 Business District, Broadway East TIF District, and Broadway East Business District - restricted for economic development.

Committed Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance with self-imposed constraints or limitations that have been imposed by action of the government's highest level of decision-making. The Mattoon City Council can establish committed fund balances by adopting ordinances for such purposes. The General Fund and Capital Projects present committed fund balances for capital outlay and the demolition of dilapidated structures.

Assigned Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance denoting a government's intended use of resources. The Mattoon City Council is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an assigned fund balance for culture and recreation and economic development.

Unassigned Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not designated for a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for which resources are available from multiple types of fund balance, it is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources, then committed fund balances, followed by assigned fund balances, and finally unassigned fund balances.

Q. Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between combined assets and deferred outflows of resources and combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net positions are displayed in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets and right-to-use assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted net position - Consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

The governmental activities column on the statement of net position reports a restricted amount of \$3,804,009 of which \$1,563,303 is restricted by enabling legislation.

It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis in accordance with GAAP. The budget was passed on April 19, 2022 and was amended on April 18, 2023.

T. New Accounting Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2022, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, and GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. GASB Statement No. 89 eliminates the requirement to capitalize interest incurred before the end of the construction period of an asset within business-type activities. GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. GASB Statement No. 92 modifies requirements related to leases, reinsurance recoveries, and the terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for hedging derivative instruments. GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR.

As a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87, the City, as a lessee, recorded lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases, while, the City, as a lessor, recorded lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 89, 91, 92, 93, and 98 does not have a significant impact to the City's financial statements.

U. Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 30, 2023, the date when the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

At April 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the primary government's deposits was \$13,001,327 and the bank balance was \$13,500,887. The governmental component unit (Library) had deposits with a carrying amount of \$264,507 and bank balances totaling \$266,546. The fiduciary component units had deposits with a carrying amount of 343,134 and bank balances totaling \$332,910. The primary government and governmental component unit (Library) had cash on hand of \$700 and \$215, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's cash balances are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 per institution. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2023, deposits at First Mid Bank & Trust and Prairie State Bank & Trust were fully insured or collateralized by the financial institutions. The City's cash balance at Prairie State Bank and Trust totaled \$3,276,453, with \$3,026,453 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution. The City's cash balance at First Mid Bank and Trust totaled \$10,214,304, with \$9,964,304 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution.

<u>Investments</u>

At April 30, 2023, the City's primary government had the following investments:

		Average	Weighted
		Credit	Average Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	Rating	(Years)
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	\$ 12,029,722	AAAmmf	Demand*

^{*} These accounts are subject to immediate withdrawal and are reflected as cash equivalents in the financial statements.

At April 30, 2023, the City's governmental component unit (Library) had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fa	air Value	Average Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Investment pool - Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation Certificate of deposit - Washington	\$	55,498	N/A	N/A
Savings Bank	\$	127,359 182,857	N/A	N/A

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At April 30, 2023, the City's fiduciary component units had the following investments:

				Weighted
			Average	Average
	Level of		Credit	Maturity
Investment Type	Hierarchy	Fair Value	Rating	(Years)
Annuities	2	\$ 594,459	N/A	N/A
Insurance contracts		25,433,618	A+/A2	N/A
Mutual Funds	2	1,584,134	AAA	3.36
Pooled investments		14,459,608	N/A	N/A
Total		\$ 42,071,819		

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund (Illinois Funds) enables custodians of public funds an investment option with a competitive rate of return on fully collateralized investments and immediate access to the funds. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the investment pool is administered by the Illinois State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235. The investment policy of the Illinois Funds states that, unless authorized specifically by the Treasurer, a minimum of 75% of its investments shall have less than one-year maturity and no investment shall exceed two years maturity. The policy also limits investment categories to 25% of the portfolio, with the exception of cash equivalents and U.S. Treasury securities, unless specifically authorized by the Treasurer. Further, certificates of deposit cannot exceed 10% of any single financial institution's total deposits. The Illinois Funds received Fitch's highest rating.

Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation

The Library holds an account with Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation (SICF). While invested as a pool, individual funds are accounted for by the SICF on an individual fund basis. The investment policy of the SICF is to keep all its assets invested seventy percent (70%) in equities and thirty percent (30%) in fixed assets and cash or cash equivalents.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To help assess this risk, investments in debt securities are rated on their credit quality by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Statutes state that any short term obligations of corporations invested in by the City or the Library must be rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. Investments in

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

bonds of local governments must be rated within the four highest classifications established by a rating service nationally recognized for expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions. Neither the City nor the Library has an investment policy that further limits its investments' exposure to credit risk. In addition to the limitations listed above, the City's fiduciary component units' have investment policies that further limit their investments in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies to those rated at least A by A.M. Best Company and A rated by Moody's and Standard & Poor's rating services.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City and the Library do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The fiduciary component units' investment policies do not limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. State statutes limit the investments in short-term obligations of corporations to one-third or less of the government's funds. Neither the City nor the Library has an investment policy that further limits the percentage of investments from a single issuer. There are no investments (other than investments in external investment pools) in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of total investments for the primary government of the City.

State statutes limit the fiduciary component units' investments in separate accounts managed by life insurance companies and mutual funds to a maximum of sixty-five percent of the market value of the pension's net present assets at the time of investment. Further, the market value of stock in any one corporation cannot exceed five percent of the cash and invested assets of the pension fund. The investment policies of the fiduciary component units do not further limit investment concentrations. More than five percent of the City's fiduciary funds' investments are in American International Group, Inc (AIG) Annuity Insurance Company annuities (24.12%), and Venerable Insurance and Annuity Company (VOYA) annuities (37.75%).

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

	 City	L	ibrary	Fiduciary (Pensions)
Deposits, investments, and cash on hand per notes: Deposits Investments, at fair value Cash on hand	\$ 13,093,397 12,029,722 700	\$	264,507 182,857 215	\$ 343,134 42,071,819
Total	\$ 25,123,819	\$	447,579	\$ 42,414,953
Cash and cash equivalents, certificate of deposit and	City	Li	brary	Fiduciary Pensions)
investments per statements: Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Restricted cash and investments	\$ 24,207,604 - 916,215	\$	264,722 182,857	\$ 343,134 42,071,819
Total:	\$ 25,123,819	\$	447,579	\$ 42,414,953

NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Receivables balances as of April 30, 2023, for the primary government were as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
		Governmental Funds			Propriet	ary Funds			
	<u> </u>		N	onmajor	Interna	l Service			
	Gei	neral Fund	Govern	mental Funds	Fı	ınds		Total	
Property taxes	\$	5,217,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,217,000	
TIF property tax increments		-		1,764,987		-		1,764,987	
Business district taxes		-		386,971		-		386,971	
Utility taxes		129,102		-		-		129,102	
Telecommunications taxes		105,994		-		-		105,994	
Income and use taxes		759,283		-		-		759,283	
Sales taxes		2,020,444		-		-		2,020,444	
Personal property replacement									
taxes		344,115		-		-		344,115	
Motor fuel taxes		-		120,863		-		120,863	
Other taxes		125,748		49,607		-		175,355	
Ambulance		123,908		-		-		123,908	
Other receivables		362,670		9,281		80,709		452,660	
Total	\$	9,188,264	\$	2,331,709	\$	80,709	\$	11,600,682	

	Business-Type Activities					
	Proprietary Funds					
	Wa	iter Fund	Sev	wer Fund		Total
Customer receivables	\$	525,242	\$	612,703	\$	1,137,945
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts		(6,458)		(6,021)		(12,479)
Total	\$	518,784	\$	606,682	\$	1,125,466

NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

a) Due From (To) Other Funds

Interfund due from/to other fund balances consisted of the following at April 30, 2023:

Fund	Due From Other Funds		Due To Other Funds		
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$		\$	403,477	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:					
Hotel and Motel Tax		_		1,488	
Capital Projects		150,411		_	
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		150,411		1,488	
Total Governmental Funds		150,411		404,965	
Proprietary Funds:					
Enterprise Funds:					
Water Fund		_		41,574	
Sewer Fund				42,750	
Total Enterprise Funds		_		84,324	
Internal Service Funds:					
Health Insurance		317,634		_	
Insurance and Tort Judgment		21,244		_	
Total Internal Service Funds		338,878			
Total Proprietary Funds		338,878			
Total	\$	489,289	\$	489,289	

The amount receivable to the Capital Projects from the General Fund consists of the transfer of one-half of the sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects, net of amounts owed for other capital improvements. The amounts due to/due from Health Insurance and Insurance and Tort Judgment from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax, Water Fund and Sewer Fund are for overpayment/underpayment of charges for services.

NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

b) Transfers From (To) Other Funds

Interfund transfers represent an assignment of current financial resources to other funds pending their eventual disposition by that fund. Individual fund transfers are as follows:

Fund	Transfers-in		Tra	insfers-out
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$		\$	1,985,844
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Capital Projects		1,985,844		
South Rt 45 TIF District		3,600		-
South Rt 45 Business District		_		3,600
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	1,989,444		3,600
Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,989,444	\$	1,989,444

NOTE 5 DUE FROM (TO) PRIMARY GOVERNMENT/COMPONENT UNITS

Due from/to primary government and component units consisted of the following at April 30, 2023:

	Due from Primary Government/		Due to Primary Government/		
Fund	Compor	Component Units		onent Units	
Primary Government:					
Governmental Fund:					
General Fund	\$	10,548	\$	135,340	
Proprietary Funds:					
Internal Service Funds:					
Health Insurance		7,178		-	
Insurance and Tort Judgment		261		-	
Total Internal Service Funds		7,439		-	
Total Primary Government		17,987		135,340	
Component Units:					
Governmental Component Unit:					
Mattoon Public Library				17,987	
				$\alpha + 1$	

Continued

NOTE 5 DUE FROM (TO) PRIMARY GOVERNMENT/COMPONENT UNITS (Continued)

	Due from Primary Government/			to Primary vernment/
Fund	Compo	nent Units	Component Unit	
Fiduciary Component Units:				
Mattoon Police Pension Fund	\$	67,670	\$	-
Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund		67,670		
Total Fiduciary Component Units		135,340		-
Total Component Units		135,340		17,987
Total	\$	153,327	\$	153,327

The amount due to the General Fund from the Library is the reimbursement of expenditures of the Library paid by the General Fund, and the reimbursement of debt service payments paid by the General Fund. The amount due to Health Insurance and the Insurance and Tort Judgment from the Library is for overpayment/underpayment of charges for services. The amount due to the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund is for the transfer of video gaming taxes from the General Fund.

NOTE 6 CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT

Cemetery development consists of land held for future expansion and the Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum. The carrying value of the mausoleum is equal to the cost of renovation less cost of crypt spaces sold.

Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2022	\$ 39,473
Less: cost of crypts sold	_
Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2023	39,473
Land held for future expansion,	
estimated carrying value, April 30, 2023	 21,179
Total	\$ 60,652

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets' activities for the year ended April 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Ap	Balance ril 30, 2022*	A	Additions		Deletions	Aŗ	Balance oril 30, 2023
Primary government:						_		
Government activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,567,026	\$	-	\$	(10,526)	\$	3,556,500
Construction in progress		255,343		426,691		(467,152)		214,882
Capital assets being depreciated: Building and improvements		12 500 250						12 500 257
Infrastructure		13,588,356 68,743,756		1,917,928		-		13,588,356 70,661,684
Improvements other than building		6,177,044		1,917,928		-		6,177,044
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		6,346,455		343,814		(164,098)		6,526,171
Total		98,677,980		2,688,433		(641,776)		100,724,637
Total		76,077,760		2,000,433	-	(041,770)		100,724,037
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		4,827,136		271,004		_		5,098,140
Infrastructure		53,609,335		968,280		_		54,577,615
Improvements other than building		2,001,777		244,426		-		2,246,203
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		6,001,124		209,553		140,360		6,070,317
Total		66,439,372		1,693,263		140,360		67,992,275
Total governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	32,238,608	\$	995,170	\$	(501,416)	\$	32,732,362
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	587,155	\$	_	\$	_	\$	587,155
Construction in progress	Ψ	5,457,110	Ψ	1,914,238	Ψ	(6,411,315)	Ψ	960,033
Capital assets being depreciated:		3,137,110		1,511,250		(0,111,515)		700,033
Building and improvements		13,250,379		_		_		13,250,379
Improvements other than building		428,198		_		-		428,198
Treatment, collection, and distribution								ŕ
systems		65,520,327		6,411,315		-		71,931,642
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		5,518,918		306,412		(20,249)		5,805,081
Total		91,032,087		8,631,965		(6,431,564)		92,962,488
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building and improvements		7,012,092		229,438		_		7,241,530
Improvements other than building		197,034		12,156		_		209,190
Treatment, collection, and distribution		,		,				,
systems		33,910,244		1,203,311		-		35,113,555
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		4,607,185		326,172		20,249		4,913,108
Total		45,726,555		1,771,077		20,249		47,477,383
Total business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$	45,035,532	\$	6,860,888	\$	(6,411,315)	\$	45,485,105

^{*} As restated.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 175,852
Public safety	227,938
Public works	1,144,968
Culture and recreation	115,097
Health and welfare	 29,408
Total	\$ 1,693,263
Business-type activities:	
Water Fund	\$ 764,502
Sewer Fund	 1,006,575
Total	\$ 1,771,077

Analysis of changes in component unit capital assets:

Component unit (Library):		Balance ril 30, 2022	A	dditions	Deleti	ions		Balance ril 30, 2023
Governmental activities								
Capital assets being depreciated: Building and improvements	\$	3,011,239	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,011,239
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	Ψ	137,262	Ψ	14,147	Ψ	-	Ψ	151,409
Total		3,148,501		14,147				3,162,648
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		1,459,623		60,225		-		1,519,848
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		137,262		1,886		-		139,148
Total		1,596,885		62,111		-		1,658,996
Component unit, capital assets, net	\$	1,551,616	\$	(47,964)	\$		\$	1,503,652

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the discretely presented component unit, Library, as follows:

Governmental activities:

Mattoon Public Library \$ 60,225

NOTE 8 LEASES

Lessee Arrangement

In 2019, the City entered into a lease agreement of a copier for a five-year term from August 26, 2019 to August 26, 2024, for \$711 per month. The lease agreement qualifies as other than a short-term lease under GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of inception.

As a result of the lease, the City has recorded an intangible right-to-use asset as follows:

	lance 30, 2022*	Ado	ditions	Delet	ions	 lance 30, 2023
Primary government:	_					_
Governmental activities:						
Right-to-use asset:						
Office equipment	\$ 13,294	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,294
Less: accumulated amortization			(2,651)			 (2,651)
Right-to-use asset, net	\$ 13,294	\$	(2,651)	\$	_	\$ 10,643
Business-type activities:						
Right-to-use asset:						
Office equipment	\$ 5,561	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,561
Less: accumulated amortization			(1,109)			 (1,109)
Right-to-use asset, net	\$ 5,561	\$	(1,109)	\$		\$ 4,452

Amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,290
Public safety	914
Public works	447
Total	\$ 2,651
Business-type activities:	
Water Fund	\$ 447
Sewer Fund	 662
Total	\$ 1,109

The City records a liability associated with the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 4.875%, which is the City's incremental borrowing rate. At April 30, 2023, the balance in this account and summary of changes during the year follows:

NOTE 8 LEASES (Continued)

	Balance			Balance	Current
Lease Payable	April 30, 2022*	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2023	Portion
Primary government:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Governmental activities	\$ 13,294	\$ -	\$ 5,544	\$ 7,750	\$ 5,765
Business-type activities	5,561	_	2,320	3,241	2,411

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental activities:

Years Ending	Principal		Interest			
April 30,	Pay	ments	Payı	ments	T	otal
2024	\$	5,765	\$	250	\$	6,015
2025		1,985		20		2,005
Total	\$	7,750	\$	270	\$	8,020

Business-type activities:

Years Ending	Pri	ncipal	Inte	erest		
April 30,	Pay	ments	Payı	ments	T	otal
2024	\$	2,411	\$	105	\$	2,516
2025		830		8		838
Total	\$	3,241	\$	113	\$	3,354

^{*} The City recorded the right-to-use asset and lease payable as of May 1, 2022 as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87.

Lessor Arrangement

The City is the lessor of several parcels of farm land under various separate lease arrangements with remaining lease terms of less than four years. The lease is noncancellable. The City records a lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources associated with the lease measured at a discount rate of 4.875%, which is the City's incremental borrowing rate. At April 30, 2023, the balances in these accounts and summary of changes during the year follows:

	В	alance				Ba	alance
Lease Receivable	April 30, 2022*		Addi	tions	Deletions	April 30, 2023	
Primary government:		_					_
Governmental activities	\$	42,356	\$	_	\$ 10,941	\$	31,415
Business-type activities		15,395		_	3,977		11,418
Total	\$	57,751	\$		\$ 14,918	\$	42,833

NOTE 8 LEASES (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	Balance April 30, 2022*		itions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2023	
Primary government: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	42,356 15,395	\$		\$ 11,552 4,199	\$	30,804 11,196
Total	\$	57,751	\$		\$ 15,751	\$	42,000

^{*} The City recorded the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources as of May 1, 2022 as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87.

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

a) General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and businesstype activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
December 2028	2.21%	\$ 2,535,000
December 2028	3.31%	1,820,000
		\$ 4,355,000
	Interest Rates	Amount
December 2023	2.00% - 3.00%	\$ 285,000
		\$ 285,000
	December 2028 December 2028	December 2028 2.21% December 2028 3.31% Interest Rates

The Capital Projects Fund services the Series 2017A general obligation bonds, while the Broadway East Business District Fund services the Series 2017B bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity of five years and thereafter for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			ities	
Years Ending April 30,	Principal Interest		Principal		Interest			
2024	\$	655,000	\$	116,266	\$	285,000	\$	8,550
2025		685,000		98,820		-		_
2026		710,000		80,547		-		-
2027		740,000		61,611		-		-
2028		770,000		41,847		-		-
Thereafter		795,000		21,255		-		-
Total	\$	4,355,000	\$	420,346	\$	285,000	\$	8,550

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

For governmental activities, deferred inflows of resources consists of current refundings of unamortized bond premiums with an original amount of \$93,555 and \$19,568 for the Series 2017A/2017B refundings and 2014 refunding, respectively. As of April 30, 2023, the accumulated amortization on these refundings totaled \$66,882 and \$18,538, respectively. Amortization of current refunding of unamortized bond premiums for the year ended April 30, 2023, was \$6,837 for governmental activities.

b) Notes Payable

The City has issued various notes as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates		Amount
Governmental activities: First Mid Bank & Trust note, serviced by the South Rt 45 TIF Fund, proceeds used to fund business development along South Rt 45 Total governmental activities notes	November 2029	4.875%	<u>\$</u> \$	336,647 336,647
Business-type activities: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, L174844, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer system improvements	August 2036	1.860%	\$	4,430,916
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, L175118 serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for combined sewer overflow piping project Total business-type activities notes	July 2042	1.010%	\$	4,137,422 8,568,338

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity of five years and thereafter are as follows:

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			
Years Ending April 30,	P	Principal Interest		Principal		Interest		
2024	\$	41,524	\$	16,412	\$	484,583	\$	122,367
2025		43,549		14,387		491,986		114,964
2026		45,672		12,264		499,511		107,440
2027		47,898		10,038		507,159		99,791
2028		50,233		7,703		514,923		92,017
Thereafter		107,771		7,939		6,070,176		494,646
Total	\$	336,647	\$	68,743	\$	8,568,338	\$	1,031,225

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

c) Changes in long-term liabilities

The City's long-term liabilities activity for the year ended April 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2022*	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2023	Due Within One Year
Primary government:					
Government-wide activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,985,000	\$ -	\$ 630,000	\$ 4,355,000	\$ 655,000
Notes payable	376,241	-	39,594	336,647	41,524
Lease payable	13,294	-	5,544	7,750	5,765
Compensated absences	1,001,023	-	49,241	951,782	190,356
Net pension liability - IMRF**	-	568,658	-	568,658	-
Net pension liability - police					
pension fund	34,278,845	-	2,917,774	31,361,071	-
Net pension liability -					
firefighters' pension fund	31,326,827	1,146,414	-	32,473,241	-
OPEB liability	36,166,200	<u>-</u> _	2,520,361	33,645,839	
Governmental activities,					
long-term liabilities	\$ 108,147,430	\$ 1,715,072	\$ 6,162,514	\$ 103,699,988	\$ 892,645
Business-type activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 855,000	\$ -	\$ 570,000	\$ 285,000	\$ 285,000
Add amounts:	*	*		,,	*,
For issuance premiums	25,415	_	16,943	8,472	8,472
Total general obligation bonds	880,415		586,943	293,472	293,472
8 8	,		/	, -	
Notes payable	7,144,499	1,790,465	366,626	8,568,338	484,583
Lease payable	5,561	· -	2,320	3,241	2,411
Compensated absences	324,062	5,204	· -	329,266	65,854
Net pension liability - IMRF**	-	737,626	_	737,626	´ -
OPEB liability	5,017,646	´ -	1,635,522	3,382,124	_
Business-type activities,					
long-term liabilities	\$ 13,372,183	\$ 2,533,295	\$ 2,591,411	\$ 13,314,067	\$ 846,320
Component unit (Library):					
Government activities	Φ 27.000	Ф	Φ 5.000	Φ 20.000	Φ 5.000
Notes payable	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 5,000
Compensated absences	9,858	2,326	-	12,184	2,437
Net pension liability - IMRF**	100.200	59,148	-	59,148	-
OPEB liability	188,288		64,892	123,396	
Component unit, long-term liabilities	\$ 223,146	\$ 431,829	\$ 69,892	\$ 214,728	\$ 7,437

^{*} As restated.

^{**} The IMRF net pension liability was a net pension asset as of May 1, 2022.

NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan, and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. While IMRF issues a financial report, no separate reports are issued for both the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans.

The table below is a summary for all pension plans as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023:

			Police	Firefighters'	
	IMRF		Pension	Pension	Total
Net pension liability	\$	1,365,432	\$ 31,361,071	\$ 32,473,241	\$ 65,199,742
Deferred outflows of resources		4,288,565	8,114,998	3,489,820	15,893,383
Deferred inflows of resources		311,911	12,575,578	3,720,271	16,607,760
Pension expense (income)		595,518	1,500,745	(55,572)	2,040,691

The pension expense recognized for all plans was \$2,014,894 for the City and \$25,797 for the Library, for the year ended April 30, 2023.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan is managed by the IMRF, the administrator of an agent multiple employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this note. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefits provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Under the employer number within IMRF, both the City and Library contribute to the plan. As a result, IMRF is considered to be the administrator of an agent multiple employer plan through which cost-sharing occurs between the City and Library.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

102 retirees and beneficiaries are included in the 141 accounts below. Some participants have more than one account due to Early Retirement Incentive (ERI) or benefit type. As of December 31, 2022, the following employee accounts were covered by the benefit terms:

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

	City	Library
Retirees and beneficiaries accounts		
currently receiving benefits	141	4
Inactive plan members entitled to		
but not yet receiving benefits	13	2
Active plan members	62	4
Total	216	10

Contributions

As set by statute, the City and Library's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's and Library's annual contribution for calendar year 2022 was 6.17%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, \$196,286 was contributed to the plan (\$188,002 for the City and \$8,284 for the Library). The City and Library also contribute for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability for the City and Library was measured as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2022:

- The **Actuarial Cost Method** used was Entry Age Normal.
- The **Asset Valuation Method** used was Market Value of Assets.
- The **Inflation Rate** was assumed to be 2.25%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation.
- The **Investment Rate of Return** was assumed to be 7.25%.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

- **Projected Retirement Age** was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2020 valuation according to an experience study from years 2017 to 2019.
- For **non-disabled retirees**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020 were used.
- For **Disabled Retirees**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
- For **Active Members**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
- The **long-term expected rate of return** on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2022:

	Portfolio	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	35.5%	6.50%
International equity	18.0%	7.60%
Fixed income	25.5%	4.90%
Real estate	10.5%	6.20%
Alternatives	9.5%	
Private equity		9.90%
Hedge funds		N/A
Commodities		6.25%
Cash equivalents	1.0%	4.00%
Total	100%	

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 4.05%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

		tal Pension Liability (A)	bility Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (A) - (B)	
<u>City:</u>						
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	39,788,171	\$	47,729,923	\$	(7,941,752)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		336,395		-		336,395
Interest on the total pension liability		2,808,886		-		2,808,886
Differences between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		(497,056)		-		(497,056)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		223,890		(223,890)
Contributions - employees		-		227,629		(227,629)
Net investment income		-		(7,028,925)		7,028,925
Benefit payments, including refunds		-		-		-
of employee contributions		(2,443,925)		(2,443,925)		-
Other (net transfer)		<u> </u>		(22,405)	_	22,405
Net changes		204,300		(9,043,736)	_	9,248,036
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	39,992,471	\$	38,686,187	\$	1,306,284
<u>Library:</u>						
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	1,801,586	\$	2,171,941	\$	(370,355)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		15,232		-		15,232
Interest on the total pension liability		127,185		-		127,185
Differences between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		(22,506)		-		(22,506)
Changes of assumptions		=		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		10,138		(10,138)
Contributions - employees		-		10,307		(10,307)
Net investment income		-		(318,266)		318,266
Benefit payments, including refunds		-		-		-
of employee contributions		(110,660)		(110,660)		-
Other (net transfer)				(11,771)		11,771
Net changes		9,251		(420,252)		429,503
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	1,810,837	\$	1,751,689	\$	59,148

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

		Total Pension Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (A) - (B)	
Total:							
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	41,589,757	\$	49,901,864	\$	(8,312,107)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		351,627		-		351,627	
Interest on the total pension liability		2,936,071		-		2,936,071	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience of the total pension liability		(519,562)		-		(519,562)	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - employer		-		234,028		(234,028)	
Contributions - employees		-		237,936		(237,936)	
Net investment income		-		(7,347,191)		7,347,191	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(2,554,585)		(2,554,585)		-	
Other (net transfer)		-		(34,176)		34,176	
Net changes		213,551	_	(9,463,988)		9,677,539	
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	41,803,308	\$	40,437,878	\$	1,365,432	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's and Library's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's and Library's net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Lower (6.25%)	Current Discount (7.25%)	1% Higher (8.25%)
<u>City:</u> Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,701,867	\$ 1,306,284	\$ (2,245,360)
<u>Library:</u> Net pension liability (asset)	258,177	59,148	(101,669)
Total: Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,960,044	\$ 1,365,432	\$ (2,347,029)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City and Library recognized pension expense of \$569,721 and \$25,797, respectively, for a total pension expense of \$595,518. At

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

April 30, 2023, the City and Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Infl	ferred ows of ources
<u>City:</u> Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension Expense in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	206,789	\$	298,400
earnings on pension plan investments Total deferred amounts to be recognized in		3,855,381		-
pension expense in future periods Pension contributions made subsequent to the		4,062,170		298,400
measurement date		40,623	<u> </u>	200 400
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	4,102,793	\$	298,400
Library: Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension Expense in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	9,363	\$	13,511
earnings on pension plan investments		174,386		
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods Pension contributions made subsequent to the		183,749		13,511
measurement date		2,023		
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	185,772	\$	13,511
Total: Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension Expense in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	216,152	\$	311,911
earnings on pension plan investments Total deferred amounts to be recognized in		4,029,767		
pension expense in future periods Pension contributions made subsequent to the		4,245,919		311,911
measurement date		42,646		-
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	4,288,565	\$	311,911

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

\$42,646 (\$40,623 for City and \$2,023 for Library) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods for City and Library as follows:

		City		Library		Total
	Net	Net Deferred		Deferred	Net Deferred	
Years Ending	Outflo	Outflows (Inflows)		Outflows (Inflows)		ws (Inflows)
December 31,	of R	of Resources		of Resources		Resources
2023	\$	(112,514)	\$	(5,095)	\$	(117,609)
2024		577,387		26,144		603,531
2025		1,228,143		55,610		1,283,753
2026		2,070,754		93,579		2,164,333
Total	\$	3,763,770	\$	170,238	\$	3,934,008

Police Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Police Pension Fund as a pension trust fund.

Plan Membership

As of May 1, 2022, the Actuarial Valuation Date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	52
currently receiving benefits	
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	8
receiving benefits	
Active plan members	39
Total	99

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the final average salary. The final average salary is 2.5% for each year of service multiplied by the greater of: the average monthly salary obtained by dividing 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of services in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. The maximum benefit shall be 75% of the final average salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually, on January 1 after attainment of age 60, or after the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12 months ended in September. Police officers' salary for pension purposes was capped at \$106,800 in 2011, increased by the lesser of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded.

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City is funding using the entry age normal actuarial cost method to fund 100% of the past service cost by the year 2033. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the City's contribution was 98.61% of covered payroll.

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on the Police Pension Funds' investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of future real rates of return and arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are listed in the table below.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	-0.27%
Emerging markets	7.00%	5.31%
U.S. tips	3.00%	-0.12%
Private equity (direct)	7.00%	7.15%
Private credit	5.00%	4.37%
U.S. large	23.00%	4.15%
U.S. small	5.00%	4.54%
International developed	18.00%	4.64%
International developed small	5.00%	-0.25%
Bank loans	3.00%	2.48%
High yield corp. credit	3.00%	2.48%
		1

continued

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Emerging market debt	3.00%	2.82%
Real estate/infrastructure	8.00%	4.00%
Short-term government/credit	3.00%	0.73%
U.S. treasury	3.00%	(0.60%)
Core plus fixed income	3.00%	0.73%

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 0.69%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation date for reporting in the fiscal 2023 financial statements under GASB Statement No. 67 and 68 is April 30, 2022 (May 1, 2022). The measurement date used for the same reporting is April 30, 2023. The total pension liability has been rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date using standard actuarial procedures. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were made.

Actuarial valuation date	May 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Amortization	Straight-line
Actuarial assumptions (economic):	
Discount rate used for the total pension liability	6.75%
Long term expected rate of return on plan assets	6.75%
High quality 20-year tax-exempt G.O. bond rate	3.53%
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.25% - 22.18%

Actuarial Assumptions (Demographic):

Mortality rates	PubS-2010(A) Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and
	Illinois Public Pension Data
Retirement rates	100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped
	at age 60
Disability rates	100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates
Termination rates	100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

All rates shown in the economic assumptions are assumed to be annual rates compounded on an annual basis. Some assumptions were changed from the prior year. The assumed rate on High Quality 20-year Tax-Exempt G.O. Bonds was changed from 3.21% to 3.53%.

Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75% in the current year. In the prior year, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.16%. The projection of cash flows used to determine these single discount rates assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rate reflects:

- 1. The expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate is based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average credit rating roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp's AA.

For the purpose of the most recent valuations, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 3.53%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the Police Pension fund calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Lower	Discount Rate	1% Higher	
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%	
Net pension liability	\$ 39.028.071	\$ 31.361.071	\$ 25,128,638	

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

- 1. The duration of the plan's projected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 2. The percent funded of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		_	Net Pension
	Liability		Net Position		L18	ability (Asset)
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at April 30, 2022	\$	56,746,364	\$	22,467,519	\$	34,278,845
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		772,591		-		772,591
Interest		3,447,087		-		3,447,087
Actual experience		598,611		-		598,611
Assumptions changes		(4,324,872)		-		(4,324,872)
Benefit terms changes		(40,864)		-		(40,864)
Contributions - employer		-		2,959,550		(2,959,550)
Contributions - members		-		297,425		(297,425)
Contributions - other		-		26,805		(26,805)
Net investment income		-		149,242		(149,242)
Benefit payments,						
including refunds		(2,831,099)		(2,831,099)		-
Administrative expense		-		(62,695)		62,695
Net changes		(2,378,546)		539,228		(2,917,774)
Balances at April 30, 2023	\$	54,367,818	\$	23,006,747	\$	31,361,071

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,500,745. At April 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 1,432,844	\$ 1,123,112
Changes of assumptions	2,628,783	9,311,677
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	1,912,582	-
Total	\$ 5,974,209	\$ 10,434,789

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability. However, as presented above, there were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Years Ending	Net Deferred Inflows of		
April 30,	Re	Resources	
2024	\$	(823,571)	
2025		(1,302,827)	
2026		(1,248,828)	
2027		(777,683)	
2028		(307,671)	
Thereafter			
	\$	(4,460,580)	

Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all firefighting personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Firefighters' Pension Fund as a pension trust fund.

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Membership

As of May 1, 2022, the Actuarial Valuation Date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	58
currently receiving benefits	
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	10
receiving benefits	
Active plan members	28
Total	96

Benefits Provided

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to 2.5% for each year of service multiplied by of the final average salary. The final average salary is the greater of: the average monthly salary obtained by dividing 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of services in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. The maximum monthly benefit shall be 75% of the final average. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). Firefighters' annual

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

salary for pension purposes was capped at \$106,800 in 2011, increased by the lesser of annual change in the consumer price index or 3% compounded. The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually, on January 1 after attainment of age 60, or after the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12 months ended in September.

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City is funding using the entry age normal actuarial cost method to fund 100% of the past service cost by the year 2033. For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City's contribution was 171.61% of covered payroll.

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on the Firefighters' Pension Funds' investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of future real rates of return and arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are listed in the table below.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00%	(0.60%)
Emerging market equity	8.00%	5.50%
		continued

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
TIPS	4.00%	0.80%
Private credit	5.00%	7.00%
Private equity	5.00%	8.60%
U.S. equity	31.00%	5.20%
Developed market equity (non-U.S.)	16.00%	5.10%
Public credit	3.00%	1.80%
Core investment grade bonds	15.00%	1.60%
Long-term treasuries	3.00%	1.30%
Real estate	5.00%	4.90%

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was -2.21%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation date for reporting in the fiscal 2023 financial statements under GASB Statement No. 67 and 68 is April 30, 2022 (May 1, 2022). The measurement date used for the same reporting is April 30, 2023. The total pension liability has been rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date using standard actuarial procedures. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were made.

Actuarial valuation date	May 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Amortization	Straight-line
Actuarial assumptions (economic):	
Discount rate used for the total pension liability	6.75%
Long term expected rate of return on plan assets	6.75%
High quality 20-year tax-exempt G.O. bond rate	3.53%
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.25% - 11.94%

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Demographic):

Mortality rates PubS-2010(A) Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and

Illinois Public Pension Data

Retirement rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Firefighters Retirement Rates

Capped at age 65

Disability rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Firefighters Disability Rates Termination rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Firefighters Termination Rates

All rates shown in the economic assumptions are assumed to be annual rates compounded on an annual basis. Some assumptions were changed from the prior year. The assumed rate on High Quality 20-year Tax-Exempt G.O. Bonds was changed from 3.21% to 3.53%.

Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75% in the current year. In the prior year, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine these single discount rates assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rate reflects:

- 1. The expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate is based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average credit rating roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp's AA.

For the purpose of the most recent valuations, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 3.53%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability using the discount rate

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Lower	Discount Rate	1% Higher
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Net pension liability	\$ 38,770,936	\$ 32,473,241	\$ 27,254,588

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

- 3. The duration of the plan's projected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 4. The percent funded of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at April 30, 2022	\$ 50,506,237	\$ 19,179,410	\$ 31,326,827	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	523,873	-	523,873	
Interest	3,342,658	-	3,342,658	
Actual experience	626,944	-	626,944	
Assumptions changes	-	-	-	
Benefit terms changes	(35,584)	-	(35,584)	
Contributions - employer	-	3,239,473	(3,239,473)	
Contributions - members	-	172,336	(172,336)	
Net investment income	-	(77,931)	77,931	
Benefit payments,				
including refunds	(3,211,765)	(3,211,765)	-	
Administrative expense		(22,401)	22,401	
Net changes	1,246,126	99,712	1,146,414	
Balances at April 30, 2023	\$ 51,752,363	\$ 19,279,122	\$ 32,473,241	

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City recognized pension income of \$55,572. At April 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 497,933	\$ 1,283,762
Changes of assumptions	184,815	909,604
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	1,280,167	
Total	\$ 1,962,915	\$ 2,193,366

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability. However, there were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Years Ending	Net Defe	Net Deferred Outflows		
April 30,	(Inflows)	of Resources		
2024	\$	(844,645)		
2025		(548,126)		
2026		883,499		
2027		278,821		
2028		-		
Thereafter		-		
	\$	(230,451)		

NOTE 11 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) to former employees and retirees. Former employees, who are not retirees, are provided COBRA healthcare benefits mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. Former employees, who are retirees and qualified under the Act, may apply for coverage by the City's self-insured health plan. The cost is 100% funded on a monthly pay-as-you-go basis by the former employee based upon actual cost of the health plan for either "single" or "family" coverage. Both the City and Library contribute to the plan. As a result, OPEB is considered to be a single-employer plan through which cost-sharing occurs between the City and Library. The cost-sharing allocation is actuarially determined. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Illinois statutes mandate that a municipality must offer its retirees a health insurance plan equivalent to that offered to active employees at a blended employer rate. This benefit creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. Illinois statutes enable a municipality to make the health plan benefits supplemental to Medicare and to offer these supplemental benefits at a different retiree contribution rate than regular benefits provided by the group plan. State statutes do not presently require the municipality to pay any portion of the cost of the plan for retired employees.

Separate financial statements are not issued for the post-employment healthcare benefits program.

Benefits Provided

The City and Library retirees and their dependents may continue coverage under the City's group health program by contributing a monthly premium and immediately receiving an eligible pension. Retirees contribute a percentage (based on date of hire and monthly pension amount) of the blended average employee group cost. The City and Library pay the difference between the actual cost of the health coverage for retirees and the blended average employee group cost. Employees hired prior to May 1, 2007 contribute 25% of the cost if pension is less than \$1,625 and 55% of the cost if pension is greater than \$1,625. Employees hired after April 30, 2007 contribute 100% of the blended average cost of coverage. The City pays 100% of the cost of premiums for eligible duty disabled Police and Fire officers. The municipality bears all cost up to the stop loss insurance and above the amount contributed by retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis. Retirees may elect to retain life insurance coverage by contributing \$19.64/month (before age 70) and \$9.82 thereafter.

Employees are eligible to retire from the City of Mattoon and continue their health coverage after meeting the following age and service requirements.

Police and Fire

Tier 1: Age 50 and 20 years of service or age 60 and 8 years of service

Tier 2: Normal Retirement: Age 55 and 10 years of service

Early Retirement: Age 50 and 10 years of service

Full-time Police and Fire officers that become disabled in the line of duty are eligible for PSEBA disability benefits after 1 year of service.

IMRF Tier 1

Normal Retirement Age 55 and 35 years of service or

Age 60 and 8 years of service

Early Retirement Age 55 and 8 years of service

IMRF Tier 2

Normal Retirement Age 62 and 35 years of service or

Age 67 and 10 years of service

Early Retirement Age 62 and 10 years of service

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of April 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	City	Library
Active participants	117	5
Disabled participants	10	-
Retired participants	124	4
	251	9

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$37,151,359 (\$37,027,963 for the City and \$123,396 for the Library) was measured as of April 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Methods	Post-Employment Healt	th Care Benefits	
Funding method	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost		
Discount rate			
Beginning of year	3.42%		
Ending of year	3.77%		
Salary progression	3.50%		
Claim costs:			
Single coverage	\$ 936		
Family coverage	\$ 2,110		
Retiree contributions:	. ,		
Hired prior to May 1, 2007			
Pension amount less than \$1,625/month	25% of cost		
Pension amount more than \$1,625/month	55% of cost		
Hired after April 30, 2007	100% of cost		
Mortality rate	PubS-2010 base rates projected fully		
•	generational using scale M	IP2021	
Retirement, withdrawal, and	Age-related tables with var		
disability rates	reflect recent studies by th		
Participation	90% of employees hired		
•	2007, that are currently en	-	
	50% of employees hired af		
	that are currently enrolled	1 , ,	
Spouse information	50% employees assumed t	o have	
•	participating spouses		
	Females assumed to be thr	ee years younger	
	than males	, , ,	
Health care cost inflation rates	Period	Rate	
	2024	6.50%	
	2025	6.25%	
	2026	6.00%	
	2027	5.75%	
	2028	5.50%	
	2029 and after	4.50% - 5.25%	

Discount Rate

The City does not have a dedicated Trust to pay the benefits of the Plan. In this case, the discount rate used for valuing OPEB liabilities for unfunded plans as of the Measurement Date is based on a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds. This discount rate was 3.77% as of April 30, 2023. Similarly, a discount rate of 3.42% was used as of May 1, 2022.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Te	Total OPEB	
	Liability		
<u>City:</u>			
Balance at April 30, 2022	\$	41,183,846	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		407,014	
Interest		1,387,793	
Differences between expected and			
actual experience		(457,167)	
Changes in assumptions		(4,283,325)	
Benefit payments		(1,210,198)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(4,155,883)	
Balance at April 30, 2023	\$	37,027,963	
<u>Library:</u>			
Balance at April 30, 2022	\$	188,288	
Changes for the year:		_	
Service cost		8,538	
Interest		6,369	
Differences between expected and			
actual experience		(45,077)	
Changes in assumptions		(30,574)	
Benefit payments		(4,148)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(64,892)	
Balance at April 30, 2023	\$	123,396	
			

Total:	
Balance at April 30, 2022	\$ 41,372,134
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	415,552
Interest	1,394,162
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	(502,244)
Changes in assumptions	(4,313,899)
Benefit payments	 (1,214,346)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (4,220,775)
Balance at April 30, 2023	\$ 37,151,359

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and the Library, as well as what the City's and Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower and 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Lower (2.77%)	Current Discount (3.77%)	1% Higher (4.77%)
<u>City:</u> Total OPEB liability	\$ 44,097,148	\$ 37,027,963	\$ 31,528,641
<u>Library:</u> Total OPEB liability	146,954	123,396	105,069
Total: Total OPEB liability	\$ 44,244,102	\$ 37,151,359	\$ 31,633,710

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and Library, as well as what the City's and Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower and 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 5.75% Decreasing to 3.50%	Current Trend Rates 6.75% Decreasing to 4.50%	1% Increase 7.75% Decreasing to 5.50%
<u>City:</u> Total OPEB liability	\$ 31,389,368	\$ 37,027,963	\$ 44,257,407
<u>Library:</u> Total OPEB liability	104,605	123,396	147,488
Total: Total OPEB liability	\$ 31,493,973	\$ 37,151,359	\$ 44,404,895

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,104,091 and the Library recognized OPEB income of \$189,190 for a total OPEB expense of \$914,901. At April 30, 2023, the City and Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
<u>City:</u>		
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	\$ 4,785,799	\$ 3,148,703
Changes in assumptions	1,623,091	11,139,569
Total	6,408,890	14,288,272
Library: Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Total	9,724 3,298 13,022	82,781 292,863 375,644
Total:		
Differences between expected	4 705 522	2 221 494
and actual experience	4,795,523	3,231,484
Changes in assumptions	1,626,389	11,432,432
Total	\$ 6,421,912	\$ 14,663,916

Amounts reported as net deferred outflows of resources and net deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending April 30	City	Ī	ibrary	Total
·	 			 -
2024	\$ 1,766,674	\$	213,933	\$ 1,980,607
2025	2,620,948		112,132	2,733,080
2026	2,680,683		24,332	2,705,015
2027	811,077		12,225	823,302
2028	 			 -
Total	\$ 7,879,382	\$	362,622	\$ 8,242,004

NOTE 12 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

In January 1977, the City entered into a deferred compensation plan agreement with participating employees, funded with a group variable annuity contract in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Additional plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City has little administrative involvement and performs no investing function for this plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants and are not subject to claims of the City's creditors. Accordingly, these plan assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

NOTE 13 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City has active construction projects in progress as of April 30, 2023. The projects include streetscaping, resurfacing, water treatment plant (WTP) lime system design, and various wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) improvements. At April 30, 2023, the City's construction in progress is as follows:

Project	Spe	nt-to-Date	Remaining Commitment		
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
Broadway Streetscaping - Phase 3	\$	72,000	\$	18,000	
Depot Surveillance System		4,774		43,109	
Little Wabash Drainage Project		138,108		896,892	
Total governmental activities	\$	214,882	\$	958,001	
				continued	

NOTE 13 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

			Re	emaining	
Project	Sper	nt-to-Date	Commitment		
Business-type activities:					
WTP Lime System Design	\$	106,190	\$	92,680	
Hydrant Replacements		22,174		170,241	
WWTP Secondary Clarifier		642,900		-	
WWTP Primary Pump		120,436		144,564	
WWTP Digester Rehab Design		26,254		22,786	
WWTP Stream Study		42,079		13,566	
Total business-type activities	\$	960,033	\$	443,837	

At April 30, 2023, the City was a defendant in a pending lawsuit. The City's legal counsel is unable to express an opinion as to the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome on the lawsuit. However, the City believes it has numerous meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending this litigation.

NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City accounts for its risk financing activities in the Insurance and Tort Judgment (internal service fund). The Insurance and Tort Judgment pays all general liability, unemployment and workers' compensation, and auto and collision claims for which the City is held liable. The City has a \$1 million retention limit for general, auto liability, and workers' compensation. In addition, the City carries a policy for excess coverage for general and auto liability of \$10 million.

The City has offered its employees and retirees for medical, dental and prescription drug benefits, which are being accounted for in the Health Insurance. The specific stop loss insurance coverage presently attaches at costs in excess of \$150,000 per participant. The aggregate stop loss coverage attaches at costs in excess of about \$1 million per calendar year. The exact attachment point for the annual aggregate coverage varies each year and is determined by a formula and the number of enrolled participants. The City utilizes a third-party administrator to process the claims. The City reimburses the administrator for the claims plus a processing fee.

The Health Insurance is supported by payments from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and the Library (component unit) based upon an estimate of the annual claims and administration costs. The City incurred health plan claims expenditures of \$3,590,069 in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, which includes \$307,521 of claims incurred, but not paid. An actuarial estimate of claims incurred, but not reported, was not determined. The claims liability reported in the Health Insurance is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10,

NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year.

Changes in the Health Insurance's claims liability amount for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 were:

	2023	2022
Claims liability, beginning of year	\$ 233,166	\$ 185,853
Insured claims	3,590,069	3,796,938
Claims payments	 (3,515,714)	 (3,749,625)
Claims liability, end of year	\$ 307,521	\$ 233,166

NOTE 15 TAX ABATEMENT

The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses within the Coles County Enterprise Zone under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act of 1982. Under the Act, taxing districts may order the county clerk to abate any portion of its taxes on real property, or on any particular class thereof, located within a zone and upon which new improvements have been constructed or upon which existing improvements have been renovated or rehabilitated. The abatement applies only to taxes on the increase in assessed value attributable to the new construction, renovation or rehabilitation. Taxes based on the assessed value of the land and existing improvements continue to be extended and collected. Abatements are obtained through application, and equal 100 percent of the increase in tax above the property base value for ten years for industrial projects. This abatement period shall not extend beyond the "life" of the Enterprise Zone, which currently expires in 2035.

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the City abated property taxes totaling \$37,850.

NOTE 16 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City services a \$2,000,000 loan that was issued December 16, 2010, to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements throughout the City's buildings. The loan is serviced by the primary government. The Library, a discretely presented component unit, had an employee retire using the early retirement incentive and received various energy efficient improvements that were paid for from the proceeds of the loan. Therefore, the Library reports an amount due to the General Fund for the cost of these items, minus grants received to help cover the cost. The Library makes monthly payments to the General Fund to reimburse the amount owed plus the interest on the note proceeds used for the Library. At April 30, 2023, the balance due to the General Fund from the Library for this transaction has been paid off. Other amounts due to the City for repayments of expenses totaled \$17,987.

NOTE 17 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The City and Library restated its net position balances as of May 1, 2022 due to the following:

- A. To record the lease arrangements as intangible right-to-use assets, lease payables, lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.
- B. To correct the balances of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, capital assets depreciated, accumulated depreciation, net pension liability (asset) IMRF, deferred outflows of resources IMRF, and deferred inflows of resources IMRF. The adjustments decreased net position (unrestricted) of the governmental activities by \$729,398, increased net position of business-type activities by \$464,864 and increased net position of the Library by \$70,643.

NOTE 17 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

A reconciliation of net position reported in prior period financial statements and as restated follows:

		overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Library		
Net position, beginning of year, as							
previously reported	\$	(67,410,412)	\$	37,235,430	\$	1,214,487	
Recording of right-to-use assets		13,294		5,561		-	
Recording of lease payable		(13,294)		(5,561)		-	
Recording of lease receivable		42,356		15,395		-	
Recording of deferred inflows of		(40.056)		(15.205)			
resources		(42,356)		(15,395)		-	
Adjustment to accounts receivable		-		105,110		-	
Adjustment to accounts payable				(12.040)			
and accrued expenses		-		(13,040)		-	
Adjustment to capital assets		(02(550)					
depreciated		(936,550)		-		-	
Adjustment to accumulated depreciation		13,376					
Adjustment to net pension liability		15,570		-		-	
(asset) - IMRF		78,865		108,774		163,366	
Adjustment to deferred outflows of		70,003		100,774		105,500	
resources - IMRF		(74,947)		2,157		9,369	
Adjustment to deferred inflows of							
resources - IMRF		189,858		261,863		(102,092)	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$	(68,139,810)	\$	37,700,294	\$	1,285,130	
restated	Ψ	(00,137,010)	Ψ	37,700,274	Ψ	1,203,130	
	V	Vater Fund	Se	ewer Fund	Total		
Net position, beginning of year, as		_		_	-	_	
previously reported	\$	14,100,843	\$	23,134,587	\$	37,235,430	
Adjustment to accounts receivable	·	52,555	·	52,555		105,110	
Adjustment to accounts payable and		,		,		,	
accrued expenses		(6,520)		(6,520)		(13,040)	
Adjustment to net pension liability							
(asset) - IMRF		55,804		52,970		108,774	
Adjustment to deferred outflows of							
resources - IMRF		1,106		1,051		2,157	
Adjustment to deferred inflows of							
resources - IMRF		134,342		127,521		261,863	
Net position, beginning of year, as							
restated	\$	14,338,130	\$	23,362,164	\$	37,700,294	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

							Fir	riance with
		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual Amounts		avorable ifavorable)
REVENUES		Original		<u>rmai</u>		Amounts	(01	iiavorabie)
Property taxes	\$	4,768,046	\$	4,768,046	\$	4,849,610	\$	81,564
TIF property tax increment	•	55,820	*	55,820	-	63,433	-	7,613
Telecommunication taxes		400,000		400,000		430,622		30,622
Utility taxes		1,350,000		1,490,000		1,482,109		(7,891)
Other taxes		540,376		540,376		529,461		(10,915)
Licenses and permits		251,250		251,250		293,093		41,843
Sales taxes		8,000,000		8,266,538		8,345,596		79,058
Income and use taxes		2,897,423		3,438,724		3,346,892		(91,832)
Other intergovernmental revenues		2,945,480		3,308,191		2,919,635		(388,556)
Charges for services		1,415,448		1,415,448		1,840,045		424,597
Fines and forfeitures		141,300		433,094		399,540		(33,554)
Investment income		84,265		370,887		356,221		(14,666)
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		314,700		314,700		429,680		114,980
Total revenues		23,164,108		25,053,074		25,285,937		232,863
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		4,107,977		3,354,411		2,566,097		788,314
Public safety		14,787,330		16,103,880		16,095,865		8,015
Public works		1,233,890		1,233,890		1,144,801		89,089
Health and welfare		317,146		317,146		331,100		(13,954)
Culture and recreation		1,155,002		1,155,002		1,802,632		(647,630)
Economic development		77,265		77,265		151,992		(74,727)
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		5,544		(5,544)
Interest and fiscal charges		500		500		966		(466)
Total expenditures		21,679,110		22,242,094		22,098,997		143,097
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		1,484,998		2,810,980		3,186,940		375,960
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(1,399,761)		(2,612,488)		(1,985,844)		626,644
Proceeds from sale of assets		10,000		10,000		38,066		28,066
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(1,389,761)		(2,602,488)		(1,947,778)		654,710
						()))		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	95,237	\$	208,492		1,239,162	\$	1,030,670
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING						11,178,376		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING					\$	12,417,538		

Primary Government										
Calendar Year Ended Deccember 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016			
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 336,395	\$ 347,092	\$ 400,784	\$ 394,829	\$ 375,029	\$ 391,138	\$ 415,188			
Interest on the total pension liability	2,808,886	2,685,223	2,670,956	2,548,247	2,496,740	2,516,171	2,472,667			
Differences between expected and actual										
experience of the total pension liability	(497,056)	1,083,693	(276,506)	602,900	226,101	(20,831)	(193,808)			
Assumption changes	-	-	(288,517)	-	961,681	(1,056,495)	(79,362)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions	(2,443,925)	(2,388,960)	(2,243,660)	(1,975,251)	(1,959,805)	(1,879,002)	(1,819,353)			
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	204,300	1,727,048	263,057	1,570,725	2,099,746	(49,019)	795,332			
Total Pension Liability - Beginning,										
as previously reported	39,707,115	37,980,067	37,717,010	36,146,285	34,046,539	34,095,558	33,300,226			
Correction of error (see Note 17)	81,056	· · · · -	-	· · · · -	· · · · ·	· · · · ·	· · · · -			
Total Pension Liability - Beginning,										
as restated	39,788,171	37,980,067	37,717,010	36,146,285	34,046,539	34,095,558	33,300,226			
as 153.4454	, <u> </u>				- 1,0 10,000					
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$39,992,471	\$39,707,115	\$37,980,067	\$37,717,010	\$36,146,285	\$34,046,539	\$34,095,558			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 223,890	\$ 389,265	\$ 385,188	\$ 267,213	\$ 409,202	\$ 408,510	\$ 412,723			
Contributions - employees	227,629	163,097	162,451	181,085	162,956	169,030	160,523			
Net investment income	(7,028,925)	7,585,114	5,482,244	6,277,660	(2,102,209)	5,810,421	2,116,932			
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions	(2,443,925)	(2,388,960)	(2,243,660)	(1,975,251)	(1,959,805)	(1,879,002)	(1,819,353)			
Other (net transfer)	(22,405)	102,533	268,322	141,807	706,777	(670,287)	247,662			
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(9,043,736)	5,851,049	4,054,545	4,892,514	(2,783,079)	3,838,672	1,118,487			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,										
as previously reported	47,461,228	41,610,179	37,555,634	32,663,120	35,446,199	31,607,527	30,489,040			
Correction of error (see Note 17)	268,695	-	-	-	· · · · -	-	-			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,		-								
as restated	47,729,923	41,610,179	37,555,634	32,663,120	35,446,199	31,607,527	30,489,040			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$38,686,187	\$47,461,228	\$41,610,179	\$37,555,634	\$32,663,120	\$35,446,199	\$31,607,527			
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset) -										
Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 1,306,284	\$(7,754,113)	\$(3,630,112)	\$ 161,376	\$ 3,483,165	\$(1,399,660)	\$ 2,488,031			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage										
of the Total Pension Liability	96.73%	119.53%	109.56%	99.57%	90.36%	104.11%	92.70%			
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,628,702	\$ 3,602,007	\$ 3,610,008	\$ 3,711,744	\$ 3,621,279	\$ 3,615,171	\$ 3,562,411			
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage										
of Covered Valuation Payroll	36.00%	(215.27%)	(100.56%)	4.35%	96.19%	(38.72%)	69.84%			
	50.0070	(==0.27.73)	(0.0070)		, 0.1, , 0	(20.72.0)	0,.0.70			

	Mattoon Public Library											
Calendar Year Ended Deccember 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016					
Total Pension Liability												
Service cost	\$ 15,232	\$ 15,488	\$ 17,285	\$ 19,359	\$ 18,001	\$ 14,523	\$ 15,416					
Interest on the total pension liability	127,185	119,816	115,191	124,949	104,626	93,423	72,940					
Differences between expected and actual												
experience of the total pension liability	(22,506)	46,232	(11,926)	29,562	10,852	(773)	(7,196)					
Assumption changes	_	-	-	-	46,159	(39,227)	(2,947)					
Benefit payments, including refunds of												
employee contributions	(110,660)	(33,328)	(11,928)	(96,852)	(94,067)	(69,766)	(67,551)					
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	9,251	148,208	108,622	77,018	85,571	(1,820)	10,662					
,												
Total Pension Liability - Beginning,												
as previously reported	1,888,187	1,739,979	1,631,357	1,554,339	1,468,768	1,470,588	1,459,926					
Correction of error (see Note 17)	(86,601)	-	-			-						
Total Pension Liability - Beginning,	(00,001)											
as restated	1,801,586	1,739,979	1,631,357	1,554,339	1,468,768	1,470,588	1,459,926					
as restated	1,001,300	1,737,777	1,031,337	1,334,337	1,400,700	1,470,366						
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 1,810,837	\$ 1,888,187	\$ 1,739,979	\$ 1,631,357	\$ 1,554,339	\$ 1,468,768	\$ 1,470,588					
Total Felision Liability - Eliding (A)	\$ 1,010,037	\$ 1,000,107	ψ 1,737,777	\$ 1,031,337	φ 1,334,337	\$ 1,400,700	\$ 1,470,500					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer	\$ 10,138	\$ 17,906	\$ 17,739	\$ 14,548	\$ 19.641	\$ 15,168	\$ 15,324					
Contributions - employees	10,307	7,557	7,481	8,811	7,822	6,276	5,960					
Net investment income												
	(318,266)	262,437	187,369	307,814	(100,903)	215,736	78,600					
Benefit payments, including refunds of												
employee contributions	(110,660)	(33,328)	(11,928)	(96,852)	(94,067)	(69,766)	(67,551)					
Other (net transfer)	(11,771)	3,723	9,171	5,575	33,924	(24,887)	9,195					
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(420,252)	258,295	209,832	239,896	(133,583)	142,527	41,528					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,												
	2.005.176	1.026.001	1 (27 040	1 207 152	1 500 706	1 270 200	1 227 701					
as previously reported	2,095,176	1,836,881	1,627,049	1,387,153	1,520,736	1,378,209	1,336,681					
Correction of error (see Note 17)	76,765											
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,												
as restated	2,171,941	1,836,881	1,627,049	1,387,153	1,520,736	1,378,209	1,336,681					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 1,751,689	\$ 2,095,176	\$ 1,836,881	\$ 1,627,049	\$ 1,387,153	\$ 1,520,736	\$ 1,378,209					
Tian Fiduciary Net Tosition - Ending (B)	\$ 1,751,007	\$ 2,075,170	\$ 1,030,001	\$ 1,027,047	Φ 1,367,133	\$ 1,520,750	\$ 1,370,207					
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset) -												
Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 59,148	\$ (206,989)	\$ (96,902)	\$ 4,308	\$ 167,186	\$ (51,968)	\$ 92,379					
Elidlig (A) - (B)	\$ 37,140	\$ (200,787)	\$ (90,902)	\$ 4,500	\$ 107,180	\$ (31,508)	\$ 72,377					
DI E'I ' MAD 'A' D												
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	06.730/	110.060/	105.570/	00.740/	00.240/	102.540/	02.720/					
of the Total Pension Liability	96.73%	110.96%	105.57%	99.74%	89.24%	103.54%	93.72%					
Covered Payroll	\$ 164,306	\$ 167,936	\$ 166,248	\$ 195,802	\$ 173,792	\$ 134,201	\$ 137,216					
Not Danaian Liability (Agast) on a Demontor												
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage	26.000/	(122.259/)	(50.200/)	2.200/	06.200/	(20.720/)	(7.220/					
of Covered Valuation Payroll	36.00%	(123.25%)	(58.29%)	2.20%	96.20%	(38.72%)	67.32%					

		Total Go	Total Government											
Calendar Year Ended Deccember 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016							
Total Pension Liability														
Service cost	\$ 351,627	\$ 362,580	\$ 418,069	\$ 414,188	\$ 393,030	\$ 405,661	\$ 430,604							
Interest on the total pension liability	2,936,071	2,805,039	2,786,147	2,673,196	2,601,366	2,609,594	2,545,607							
Differences between expected and actual														
experience of the total pension liability	(519,562)	1,129,925	(288,432)	632,462	236,953	(21,604)	(201,004)							
Assumption changes	-	-	(288,517)	-	1,007,840	(1,095,722)	(82,309)							
Benefit payments, including refunds of														
employee contributions	(2,554,585)	(2,422,288)	(2,255,588)	(2,072,103)	(2,053,872)	(1,948,768)	(1,886,904)							
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	213,551	1,875,256	371,679	1,647,743	2,185,317	(50,839)	805,994							
Total Pension Liability - Beginning,														
as previously reported	41,595,302	39,720,046	39,348,367	37,700,624	35,515,307	35,566,146	34,760,152							
Correction of error (see Note 17)	(5,545)													
Total Pension Liability - Beginning,														
as restated	41,589,757	39,720,046	39,348,367	37,700,624	35,515,307	35,566,146	34,760,152							
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$41,803,308	\$41,595,302	\$39,720,046	\$39,348,367	\$37,700,624	\$35,515,307	\$35,566,146							
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - employer	\$ 234,028	\$ 407,171	\$ 402,927	\$ 281,761	\$ 428,843	\$ 423,678	\$ 428,047							
Contributions - employees	237,936	170,654	169,932	189,896	170,778	175,306	166,483							
Net investment income	(7,347,191)	7,847,551	5,669,613	6,585,474	(2,203,112)	6,026,157	2,195,532							
Benefit payments, including refunds of	(.,, . ,	. , ,	-,,-	-,, -	() , ,	-,,	, ,							
employee contributions	(2,554,585)	(2,422,288)	(2,255,588)	(2,072,103)	(2,053,872)	(1,948,768)	(1,886,904)							
Other (net transfer)	(34,176)	106,256	277,493	147,382	740,701	(695,174)	256,857							
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(9,463,988)	6,109,344	4,264,377	5,132,410	(2,916,662)	3,981,199	1,160,015							
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,														
as previously reported	49,556,404	43,447,060	39,182,683	34,050,273	36,966,935	32,985,736	31,825,721							
Correction of error (see Note 17)	345,460	-	· · ·	-	-	-	-							
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,														
as restated	49,901,864	43,447,060	39,182,683	34,050,273	36,966,935	32,985,736	31,825,721							
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$40,437,876	\$49,556,404	\$43,447,060	\$39,182,683	\$34,050,273	\$36,966,935	\$32,985,736							
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset) -														
Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 1,365,432	\$(7,961,102)	\$(3,727,014)	\$ 165,684	\$ 3,650,351	\$(1,451,628)	\$ 2,580,410							
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage														
of the Total Pension Liability	96.73%	119.14%	109.38%	99.58%	90.32%	104.09%	92.74%							
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,793,008	\$ 3,769,943	\$ 3,776,256	\$ 3,907,546	\$ 3,795,071	\$ 3,749,372	\$ 3,699,627							
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage														
of Covered Valuation Payroll	36.00%	(211.17%)	(98.70%)	4.24%	96.19%	(38.72%)	69.75%							

Primary	Government
1 IIIIIai v	OUVERIMENT

Fiscal Year Ended April 30	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	Actual Contribution		11010001		Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll
2023	\$	188,002	\$	188,002	\$	-	\$ 3,711,858	5.06%
2022		330,126		335,249		(5,123)	3,619,208	9.26%
2021		394,281		394,281		-	3,696,377	10.67%
2020		326,249		317,679		8,570	3,780,045	8.40%
2019		364,054		364,054		-	3,599,169	10.11%
2018		412,792		412,791		1	3,653,010	11.30%
2017		410,350		410,350		-	3,572,028	11.49%

Matttoon Public Library

									Actual Contribu	ıtion		
Fiscal Year	Actuarially		Fiscal Year Actuarially		Actuarially		Contribution			Covered	as a Percentage of	
Ended	Determined		A	Actual		Deficiency		Valuation	Covered Valua	tion		
April 30	Con	Contribution		tribution	tion (Exce			Payroll	Payroll			
2023	\$	8,284	\$	8,284	\$	-	\$	167,374	4	.95%		
2022		14,498		14,498		-		162,433	8	.93%		
2021		19,066		19,066		-		178,750	10	.67%		
2020		15,601		15,601		-		185,625	8	.40%		
2019		18,227		18,227		-		183,902	9.	.91%		
2018		17,291		17,291		-		153,021	11.	.30%		
2017		14,549		14,549		-		126,610	11.	.49%		

Total Government

									Actual Co	ontribution		
Fiscal Year	A	Actuarially			Cont	Contribution Covered		Covered	as a Percentage of			
Ended	Determined		Actual		Def	Deficiency		Valuation	Covered	Valuation		
April 30	Co	ntribution	Contribution		(E:	(Excess)		(Excess)		Payroll	Pay	yroll
2023	\$	196,286	\$	196,286	\$	_	\$	3,879,232		5.06%		
2022		344,624		349,747		(5,123)		3,781,641		9.25%		
2021		413,347		413,347		-		3,875,127		10.67%		
2020		341,850		333,280		8,570		3,965,670		8.40%		
2019		382,281		382,281		-		3,783,071		10.11%		
2018		430,083		430,082		1		3,806,031		11.30%		
2017		424,899		424,899		-		3,698,638		11.49%		

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31

each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2022 Contribution Rates:

Actual Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 21-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage growth 2.75%

Price Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.85% to 13.75% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median

income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality

improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

There were no benefit changes during the year. Calendar year 2022 contribution rates were based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Police Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability																		
Service cost	\$	772,591	\$	934,661	\$	1,022,089	\$	955,630	\$	947,802	\$	1,003,042	\$	952,466	\$	819,041	\$	570,535
Interest		3,447,087		3,214,603		3,224,676		2,974,331		2,819,376		2,709,658		2,696,963		1,966,213		2,473,846
Actuarial experience		598,611		(1,829,474)		1,748,552		336,305		1,249,126		12,122		154,740		726,953		-
Assumption changes		(4,324,872)		(8,820,130)		(820,539)		7,200,583		(373,142)		(1,843,857)		(1,474,935)		11,558,737		-
Changes of benefit terms		(40,864)		-		-		119,577		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,831,099)		(2,852,471)		(2,487,172)		(2,386,466)		(2,279,516)		(2,124,673)		(2,055,641)		(1,984,166)		(1,925,291)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(2,378,546)		(9,352,811)		2,687,606		9,199,960		2,363,646		(243,708)		273,593		13,086,778		1,119,090
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		56,746,364		66,099,175		63,411,569		54,211,609		51,847,963		52,091,671		51,818,078		38,731,300		37,612,210
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$	54,367,818	\$	56,746,364	\$	66,099,175	\$	63,411,569	\$	54,211,609	\$	51,847,963	\$	52,091,671	\$	51,818,078	\$	38,731,300
Dies E' les de con N. a De d'éles																		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	e	2.050.550	¢.	2 (01 474	¢.	2.046.704	e.	2 004 490	e	1 012 (41	¢.	1 (20 440	s	1 427 452	¢.	1 402 051	e.	1 422 547
Contributions - employer	Э	2,959,550	\$	2,681,474	\$	2,046,794	\$	2,004,489	\$	1,813,641	\$	1,639,440	Э	1,437,453	\$	1,403,051	\$	1,422,547
Contributions - members		297,425		284,388		270,775		259,922		264,633		253,608		249,841		253,098		227,982
Contributions - other		26,805		203,628		94,960		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income (loss)		149,242		(2,569,806)		6,585,104		(699,913)		951,830		1,545,172		1,656,958		(715,510)		956,536
Benefit payments and refunds		(2,831,099)		(2,852,471)		(2,487,172)		(2,386,466)		(2,279,516)		(2,124,673)		(2,055,641)		(1,984,166)		(1,925,291)
Administrative expense		(62,695)		(65,968)		(60,209)		(57,587)		(69,948)		(64,129)		(53,591)		(51,834)		(56,136)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		539,228		(2,318,755)		6,450,252		(879,555)		680,640		1,249,418		1,235,020		(1,095,361)		625,638
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		22,467,519		24,786,274		18,336,022		19,215,577		18,534,937		17,285,519		16,050,499		17,145,860		16,520,222
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$	23,006,747	\$	22,467,519	\$	24,786,274	\$	18,336,022	\$	19,215,577	\$	18,534,937	\$	17,285,519	\$	16,050,499	\$	17,145,860
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$	31,361,071	\$	34,278,845	\$	41,312,901	\$	45,075,547	\$	34,996,032	\$	33,313,026	\$	34,806,152	\$	35,767,579	\$	21,585,440
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		42.32%		39.59%		37.50%		28.92%		35.45%		35.75%		33.18%		30.97%		44.27%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,001,262	\$	2,869,720	\$	2,731,827	\$	2,622,836	\$	2,670,368	\$	2,545,391	\$	2,763,389	\$	2,481,680	\$	2,339,454
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		1044.93%		1194.50%		1512.28%		1718.58%		1310.53%		1308.76%		1259.55%		1441.26%		922.67%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		0.69%		(8.62%)		35.99%		(2.25%)		5.53%		9.99%		10.99%		(4.66%)		6.53%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	 2023	 2022	 2021	2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 2,417,854	\$ 2,330,467	\$ 2,146,354	\$ 2,048,935	\$ 1,909,835	\$ 1,761,222	\$ 1,619,160	\$ 1,641,766	\$ 1,841,839
Actuarially Determined Contribution	 2,959,550	 2,681,474	 2,046,794	 1,968,202	 1,813,641	 1,639,440	 1,437,453	 1,403,051	 1,422,547
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (541,696)	\$ (351,007)	\$ 99,560	\$ 80,733	\$ 96,194	\$ 121,782	\$ 181,707	\$ 238,715	\$ 419,292
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as Percentage of	\$ 3,001,262	\$ 2,869,720	\$ 2,731,827	\$ 2,622,836	\$ 2,670,368	\$ 2,545,391	\$ 2,763,389	\$ 2,481,680	\$ 2,339,454
Covered-Employee Payroll	98.61%	93.44%	74.92%	75.04%	67.92%	64.41%	52.02%	56.54%	60.81%

NOTE: The Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) shown is the recommended contribution from the May 21, 2021 Actuarial Valuation completed for the December 2021 tax levy, if applicable.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level % of Pay (Closed)
Remaining amortization period 100% Funded over 23 years

Investment rate of return,

net of investment plan expenses,

including inflation 6.75%
Inflation rate 2.25%
Salary increases 2.25% - 22.18%

Asset valuation 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Demographic actuarial assumptions:

Mortality rates Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described Retirement rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at age 60

Disability rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates
Termination rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates

City of Mattoon, Illinois Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability						-0-006												
Service cost	\$	523,873	\$	546,852	\$	787,806	\$	657,766	\$	667,678	\$	753,373	\$	712,881	\$	672,938	\$	714,453
Interest		3,342,658		3,220,408		3,116,033 1,579,409		2,959,959		2,868,521		2,820,446 79,060		2,806,228 634,737		2,455,405		2,375,442
Actuarial experience Assumption changes		626,944		(3,018,580) (1,825,725)		(13,447,891)		576,907 9,425,651		1,115,180 479,619		399,338		(1,442,384)		741,876 3,111,763		-
Changes of benefit terms		(35,584)		(1,823,723)		(13,447,691)		107,343		4/9,019		399,336		(1,442,364)		3,111,703		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(3,211,765)		(3,093,581)		(2,973,186)		(2,891,069)		(2,788,313)		(2,545,025)		(2,377,256)		(2,225,941)		(2,158,444)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,246,126		(4,170,626)		(10,937,829)	_	10,836,557		2,342,685		1,507,192		334,206		4,756,041	_	931,451
Net Change in Total Tension Elability		1,240,120		(4,170,020)		(10,737,627)		10,630,337		2,342,003		1,507,172		334,200		4,730,041		731,431
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		50,506,237		54,676,863		65,614,692		54,778,135		52,435,450		50,928,258		50,594,052		45,838,011		44,906,560
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$	51,752,363	\$	50,506,237	\$	54.676.863	\$	65,614,692	\$	54,778,135	\$	52,435,450	\$	50,928,258	s	50,594,052	s	45,838,011
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Plan Fiduciary Net Position																		
Contributions - employer		3,239,473		2,941,797		2,317,049		2,173,792		2,029,881		1,829,282		1,533,379		1,367,692		1,356,510
Contributions - members		172,336		213,524		153,192		156,657		170,122		200,317		204,327		202,743		202,721
Net investment income (loss)		(77,931)		(904,796)		4,859,711		(622,537)		1,309,076		1,210,206		1,544,569		(735,261)		623,230
Benefit payments and refunds		(3,211,765)		(3,093,581)		(2,973,186)		(2,891,069)		(2,788,313)		(2,545,025)		(2,377,256)		(2,225,941)		(2,158,444)
Administrative expense		(22,401)		(23,151)		(12,468)		(11,342)		(12,048)		(17,837)		(18,475)		(28,896)		(16,823)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		99,712		(866,207)		4,344,298		(1,194,499)		708,718		676,943		886,544		(1,419,663)		7,194
ivet change in Fran Frauciary (vet Fosition		77,712		(800,207)		7,577,270		(1,1)4,4))		700,710		070,743		000,544		(1,417,003)		7,174
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		19,179,410		20,045,617		15,701,319		16,895,818		16,187,100		15,510,157		14,623,613		16,043,276		16,036,082
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$	19,279,122	\$	19,179,410	\$	20,045,617	\$	15,701,319	\$	16,895,818	\$	16,187,100	\$	15,510,157	\$	14,623,613	\$	16,043,276
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Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$	32,473,241	\$	31,326,827	\$	34,631,246	\$	49,913,373	\$	37,882,317	\$	36,248,350	\$	35,418,101	\$	35,970,439	\$	29,794,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		37.25%		37.97%		36.66%		23.93%		30.84%		30.87%		30.45%		28.90%		35.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,887,660	\$	2,184,505	\$	1.667.126	s	1,654,901	\$	1,763,848	\$	2,019,165	s	2,450,182	\$	2,119,559	\$	2,053,279
Covered Employee Fayton	Ψ	1,007,000	Ψ	2,101,505	Ψ	1,007,120	Ψ	1,05 1,501	Ψ	1,705,010	Ψ	2,017,103	Ψ	2,130,102	Ψ	2,117,557	Ψ	2,033,277
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		1720.29%		1434.05%		2077.30%		3016.09%		2147.71%		1795.21%		1445.53%		1697.07%		1451.08%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		(2.21%)		(3.44%)		30.84%		(2.81%)		7.55%		8.00%		11.68%		(5.13%)		4.62%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 2,543,589	\$ 2,431,581	\$ 2,180,729	\$ 2,035,235	\$ 1,937,284	\$ 1,750,841	\$ 1,399,744	\$ 1,267,174	\$ 1,178,138
Actuarially Determined Contribution	 3,239,473	2,941,797	 2,317,049	 2,173,792	2,029,881	1,829,282	1,533,379	1,367,692	 1,356,510
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (695,884)	\$ (510,216)	\$ (136,320)	\$ (138,557)	\$ (92,597)	\$ (78,441)	\$ (133,635)	\$ (100,518)	\$ (178,372)
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as Percentage of	\$ 1,887,660	\$ 2,184,505	\$ 1,667,126	\$ 1,654,901	\$ 1,763,848	\$ 2,019,165	\$ 2,450,182	\$ 2,119,559	\$ 2,053,279
Covered-Employee Payroll	171.61%	134.67%	138.98%	131.35%	115.08%	90.60%	62.58%	64.53%	66.07%

NOTE: The Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) shown is the Statutory Minimun Contribution from the May 1, 2021 Actuarial Valuation completed. For the December 2021 tax levy, if applicable.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2022

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method Level % of Pay (Closed)
Remaining amortization period 90% Funded over 19 years

Investment rate of return,

net of investment plan expenses,

including inflation 6.75% Inflation rate 2.25% Salary increases 3.25% - 11.94%

Asset valuation 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Demographic actuarial assumptions:

Mortality rates Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described Retirement rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at age 65

Disability rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates
Termination rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates

	Pri	mary Governn	ent			
		2023		2022	2021	2020
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY						
Service cost	\$	407,014	\$	697,221	\$ 523,659	\$ 460,352
Interest		1,387,793		1,066,937	1,578,317	1,748,342
Benefit changes		-		(1,889,041)	(5,204,416)	-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(457,167)		2,668,340	1,646,737	-
Changes in assumptions		(4,283,325)		(11,143,710)	(1,035,526)	7,560,556
Benefit payments		(1,210,198)		(1,086,288)	(1,752,248)	(1,571,593)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	·	(4,155,883)		(9,686,541)	(4,243,477)	8,197,657
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		41,183,846		50,870,387	 55,113,864	 46,916,207
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	37,027,963	\$	41,183,846	\$ 50,870,387	\$ 55,113,864
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	7,593,999	\$	7,311,706	\$ 6,898,916	\$ 7,536,660
Employer Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		487.60%		563.26%	737.37%	731.28%

Mattoon Public Library

		2023	2022	2021	2020
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	-				_
Service cost	\$	8,538	\$ 5,037	\$ 3,637	\$ 14,464
Interest		6,369	4,747	32,092	36,531
Benefit changes		-	-	-	-
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		(45,077)	(6,141)	(548,752)	-
Changes in assumptions		(30,574)	(36,156)	(349,540)	126,834
Benefit payments		(4,148)	(6,259)	(26,380)	(51,395)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(64,892)	(38,772)	 (888,943)	126,434
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		188,288	227,060	 1,116,003	 989,569
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	123,396	\$ 188,288	\$ 227,060	\$ 1,116,003
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	212,200	\$ 185,324	\$ 286,962	\$ 213,563
Employer Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		58.15%	101.60%	79.13%	522.56%

	To	otal Governme	nt					
		2023	2022			2021		2020
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY								
Service cost	\$	415,552	\$	702,258	\$	527,296	\$	474,816
Interest		1,394,162		1,071,684		1,610,409		1,784,873
Benefit changes		-		(1,889,041)		(5,204,416)		-
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(502,244)		2,662,199		1,097,985		-
Changes in assumptions		(4,313,899)		(11,179,866)		(1,385,066)		7,687,390
Benefit payments		(1,214,346)		(1,092,547)		(1,778,628)		(1,622,988)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(4,220,775)		(9,725,313)		(5,132,420)		8,324,091
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		41,372,134		51,097,447	-	56,229,867	ī	47,905,776
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	37,151,359	\$	41,372,134	\$	51,097,447	\$	56,229,867
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	7,806,199	\$	7,497,030	\$	7,185,878	\$	7,750,223
Employer Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		475.92%		551.85%		711.08%		725.53%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75.

A net decrease in liability from assumption changes is primarily due to an increase in the assumed discount rate from 3.42% to 3.77% combined with a decrease in the post-65 benefit aging factors. Decreases were partially offset by increases due to updating mortality from the RP2014 table (with blue collar adjustments for Police and Firefighters) to the PubS-2010 table for Police and Firefighters and PubG-2010 table for all others. Along with the changes in base mortality rates, projected mortality improvements were changed from the MP2021 scale projected on the valuation date to the MP2021 scale projected fully generationally.



	Capital Projects	N	Aotor Fuel Tax	Hotel and Motel Tax		Home Rehabilitation Grant		Midtown TIF District		_	7 East TIF District
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,708,981	\$	1,566,768	\$	475,474	\$	37	\$	851,461	\$	211,808
Receivables	-		120,863		49,607		-		1,012,401		432,046
Due from other funds	 150,411		<u> </u>						<u>-</u> _		
Total assets	 1,859,392		1,687,631		525,081		37		1,863,862		643,854
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	108,581		515,206		60,866		-		3,869		8,602
Due to other funds	-		-		1,488		-		-		-
Total liabilities	108,581		515,206		62,354		-		3,869		8,602
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	 								1,012,401		432,046
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted	_		1,172,425		462,727		37		847,592		203,206
Committed	1,750,811				-		-		-		-
Total fund balances	1,750,811		1,172,425		462,727		37		847,592		203,206
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,859,392	\$	1,687,631	\$	525,081	\$	37	\$	1,863,862	\$	643,854

City of Mattoon, Illinois Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2023 Schedule 1 (Continued)

Bu	siness			В	Business	I	East TIF	Eas	t Business	Roa I	d and I-57 Business		Total
Ф	41 476	¢.	0.610	¢.	124.002	¢.	561.024	¢.	517.701	¢.	00.701	¢.	(177 142
2		\$		\$,	2		\$,	3	,	\$	6,177,143 2,331,709
	<i>3,300</i>		79,202		9, 4 01 -		241,276		113,632		207,393		150,411
	46,842		88,872		143,553		802,312		631,533		366,294		8,659,263
	15,422		-		-		-		7,289		281,778		1,001,613
	-		-				<u>-</u>				-	_	1,488
	15,422								7,289		281,778		1,003,101
	761		79,262		2,400		241,278		40,981		84,516		1,893,645
	30,659		9,610		141,153		561,034		583,263		_		4,011,706
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,750,811
	30,659		9,610		141,153		561,034		583,263				5,762,517
\$	46 842	\$	88 872	\$	143 553	\$	802 312	\$	631 533	\$	366 294	\$	8,659,263
	Bu	5,366 	Business Sou TIF \$ 41,476 \$ 5,366	Business District South Rt 45 TIF District \$ 41,476 \$ 9,610 5,366 79,262	Business District South Rt 45 TIF District Businest TIF District \$ 41,476 \$ 9,610 \$ 79,262 \$	Business District South Rt 45 TIF District Business District \$ 41,476 \$ 9,610 \$ 134,092 5,366 79,262 9,461	Business District South Rt 45 TIF District Business District \$ 41,476 \$ 9,610 \$ 134,092 \$ 5,366 79,262 9,461	Business District South Rt 45 TIF District Business District East TIF District \$ 41,476 \$ 9,610 \$ 134,092 \$ 561,034 5,366 79,262 9,461 241,278	Business District South Rt 45 TIF District Business District East TIF District East TIF District \$ 41,476 \$ 9,610 \$ 134,092 \$ 561,034 \$ 5,366 79,262 9,461 241,278	Business District South Rt 45 TIF District Business District East TIF District East Business District \$ 41,476 \$ 9,610 \$ 134,092 \$ 561,034 \$ 517,701 5,366 79,262 9,461 241,278 113,832	South Rt 45 Business District South Rt 45 Business District District District District East TIF District Dis	Business District South Rt 45 TIF District Business District East TIF District East Business District Business District \$ 41,476 \$ 9,610 \$ 134,092 \$ 561,034 \$ 517,701 \$ 98,701 5,366 79,262 9,461 241,278 113,832 267,593 46,842 88,872 143,553 802,312 631,533 366,294 15,422 - - - - - - 15,422 - - - - - - - 761 79,262 2,400 241,278 40,981 84,516 30,659 9,610 141,153 561,034 583,263 - - - - - - - - - 30,659 9,610 141,153 561,034 583,263 - - 30,659 9,610 141,153 561,034 583,263 - - 30,659 9,610 141,153 561,034	South Rt 45 Business District Distri

City of Mattoon, Illinois Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended April 30, 2023 Schedule 2

	Capital Projects	Motor Fuel Tax	Hotel and Motel Tax	Home Rehabilitation Grant	Midtown TIF District	I-57 East TIF District
REVENUES						
TIF property tax increment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 876,333	\$ 134,649
Business district taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other taxes	-	-	383,747	-	-	-
Motor fuel taxes	-	709,897				
Other intergovernmental revenues	-	1,147,909	-	201,132	-	-
Investment income	2,632	53,053	-	-	2,231	123
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	107,225		530			
Total revenues	109,857	1,910,859	384,277	201,132	878,564	134,772
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety	-	_	_	-	-	_
Public works	131,129	516,285	-	-	-	_
Culture and recreation	,		367,916	-	-	_
Economic development	-	-	· -	201,132	498,481	158,107
Capital outlay	382,129	1,567,152	_	-	90,420	· <u>-</u>
Debt service:						
Principal	370,000	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	63,604	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	946,862	2,083,437	367,916	201,132	588,901	158,107
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(837,005)	(172,578)	16,361	<u> </u>	289,663	(23,335)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	1,985,844	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_
Transfers out		_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,846	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,987,690					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,150,685	(172,578)	16,361	-	289,663	(23,335)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	600,126	1,345,003	446,366	37	557,929	226,541
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,750,811	\$ 1,172,425	\$ 462,727	\$ 37	\$ 847,592	\$ 203,206

City of Mattoon, Illinois
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended April 30, 2023
Schedule 2 (Continued)

	I-57 East Business District		South Rt 45 TIF District	В	uth Rt 45 Jusiness District]	Broadway East TIF District	Broady East Bus Distric	iness	Remington Road and I-57 Business District		Total
REVENUES	0		ф. <u>(0.014</u>	Φ		Φ.	100 150	Φ		Φ.	Φ.	1.070.040
TIF property tax increment	Ψ		\$ 69,814	\$	40.426	\$	190,152	\$	- 270	\$ -	\$	1,270,948
Business district taxes Other taxes	17,71	/	-		40,436		-	496	5,270	281,778		836,201 383,747
Motor fuel taxes		-	-		-		-		-	-		709,897
Other intergovernmental revenues												1,349,041
Investment income		-	64		-		174	1	,359	-		59,636
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		-	- 04		-		1/4	1	,339	-		107,755
Total revenues	17,71	- -	69,878		40,436		190,326	407	7,629	281,778		4,717,225
Total revenues	17,71	<u>/</u> _	09,878		40,430	-	190,320	497	,029	201,//0		4,/1/,223
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Public safety		_	_		_		_		_	_		_
Public works		_	_		_		_		_	_		647,414
Culture and recreation		_	_		_		_		_	_		367,916
Economic development	15,422	2.	13,963		_		87,015	30	,706	281,778		1,286,604
Capital outlay	10,.2	-	-		_		-		-	-		2,039,701
Debt service:												_,,
Principal		_	39,594		_		_	260	0,000	-		669,594
Interest and fiscal charges		_	18,342		_		_	68	3,241	-		150,187
Total expenditures	15,422	2 -	71,899		_		87,015		3,947	281,778		5,161,416
1												
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES	2,29	5	(2,021)		40,436		103,311	138	3,682	-		(444,191)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		-	3,600		-		-		-	-		1,989,444
Transfers out		-	-		(3,600)		-		-	-		(3,600)
Proceeds from sale of assets		-	-		-		-		-	-		1,846
Total other financing sources (uses)			3,600		(3,600)		-		-	-		1,987,690
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,29	— – s	1,579		36,836		103,311	139	3,682			1,543,499
THE CHANGE IN FUND DALANCES	2,29.	,	1,579		50,050		105,511	130	,,002	_		1,272,777
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,364	4	8,031		104,317		457,723	444	,581			4,219,018
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 30,659	9	\$ 9,610	\$	141,153	\$	561,034	\$ 583	3,263	\$ -	\$	5,762,517

			Capital Projects						Motor Fuel Tax						
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Fina Fa	ance with al Budget vorable		Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
DEVIENTIEC		Original		Final		Amounts	(Uni	avorable)		Original		Final		Amounts	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES TIF property tax increment	\$		\$		\$		S		\$		\$		\$		\$ -
Business district taxes	φ	-	φ	_	Φ	_	Ф	_	Φ	_	Ф	-	Ф	_	.
Motor fuel taxes		_				_		_		720,000		720,000		709,897	(10,103)
Other intergovernmental revenues		225,000		225,000		_		(225,000)		407,616		407,616		1,147,909	740,293
Other taxes		-		-		_		(223,000)				-407,010		-	140,275
Investment income		11,500		11,500		2,632		(8,868)		1,000		1,000		53,053	52,053
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		225,000		225,000		107,225		(117,775)		10,000		10,000		-	(10,000)
Total revenues		461,500		461,500		109,857		(351,643)		1,138,616		1,138,616		1,910,859	772,243
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-		_	-
Public works		330,500		330,500		131,129		199,371		541,100		541,100		516,285	24,815
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		902,407		902,407		382,129		520,278		1,084,984		1,084,984		1,567,152	(482,168)
Debt service:															
Principal		370,000		370,000		370,000		-		-		-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		64,201		64,201		63,604		597							_
Total expenditures		1,667,108		1,667,108		946,862		720,246		1,626,084		1,626,084		2,083,437	(457,353)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,205,608)		(1,205,608)		(837,005)		368,603		(487,468)		(487,468)		(172,578)	314,890
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers in		850,000		850,000		1,985,844		1,135,844		-		-		-	-
Transfers out Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		1,846		- 1,846		-		-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		850,000		850,000		1,987,690		1,137,690		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u> _	
Total other infallenig sources (uses)		830,000		850,000		1,987,090		1,137,090	-		-			<u>-</u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(355,608)	\$	(355,608)		1,150,685	\$	1,506,293	\$	(487,468)	\$	(487,468)		(172,578)	\$ 314,890
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						600,126								1,345,003	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	1,750,811							\$	1,172,425	

		Hotel and	Motel Tax		Home Rehabilitation Grant						
	Budgetee Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)			
REVENUES				(<u> </u>			(
TIF property tax increment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Business district taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Motor fuel taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-	500,000	500,000	201,132	(298,868)			
Other taxes	330,000	330,000	383,747	53,747	-	-	-	-			
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	500	500	530	30	-	-	-	-			
Total revenues	330,500	330,500	384,277	53,777	500,000	500,000	201,132	(298,868)			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-			
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	351,856	351,856	367,916	(16,060)	-	-	-	-			
Economic development	-	-	-	-	500,000	500,000	201,132	298,868			
Capital outlay	_	-	_	-	-		· -				
Debt service:											
Principal	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_			
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Total expenditures	351,856	351,856	367,916	(16,060)	500,000	500,000	201,132	298,868			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES	(21,356)	(21,356)	16,361	37,717							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Transfers out	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Total other financing sources (uses)											
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (21,356)	\$ (21,356)	16,361	\$ 37,717	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -			
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1		446,366				37				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 462,727				\$ 37				

				Midtown T	TF District				I-57 East TIF District							
		Budgeted	l Amou		Actual		Final l Favo	ce with Budget crable		Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Fin F	riance with nal Budget avorable
REVENUES	Orig	ınal		Final	Amounts	_	(Unfav	orable)		Original		Final		Amounts	(Ur	favorable)
TIF property tax increment	\$	755,000	\$	755,000	876,33	2	\$	121,333	\$	277,000	\$	277,000	\$	134,649	\$	(142,351)
Business district taxes	Ф	733,000	Ф	755,000	0/0,33	3	Ф	121,333	Ф	277,000	Ф	277,000	Ф	134,049	Ф	(142,331)
Motor fuel taxes		_		_		-		_		_		_		_		_
Other intergovernmental revenues		_		_				_		_		_		_		
Other taxes		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Investment income		1,000		1,000	2,23	1		1,231		10		10		123		113
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		262,500		262,500	2,23	-	((262,500)		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		018,500		1,018,500	878,56	4		(139,936)		277,010		277,010		134,772		(142,238)
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
Public safety		_		_		-		_		_		-		-		-
Public works		_		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic development		596,503		596,503	498,48	1		98,022		177,316		177,316		158,107		19,209
Capital outlay		727,000		727,000	90,42	0		636,580		-		-		-		-
Debt service:																
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-						-				_				
Total expenditures	1,	323,503		1,323,503	588,90	1		734,602		177,316		177,316		158,107		19,209
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES																
OVER EXPENDITURES		305,003)		(305,003)	289,66	3		594,666		99,694		99,694		(23,335)		(123,029)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets		-				_		-								
Total other financing sources (uses)		-				<u>-</u> .						-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (305,003)	\$	(305,003)	289,66	3	\$	594,666	\$	99,694	\$	99,694		(23,335)	\$	(123,029)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	R				557,92	9								226,541		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$ 847,59	2							\$	203,206		

			I-57 Eas	t Bus	iness District			South Rt 45 TIF Distri					istrict	strict		
	Bud Original		Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina Fav	nnce with I Budget vorable avorable)		Budgeted Original	Amou	ınts Final		Actual Amounts	Varianc Final B Favor (Unfavo	udget able	
REVENUES								-								
TIF property tax increment	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	68,000	\$	68,000	\$	69,814	\$	1,814	
Business district taxes	33,	330	33,3	330	17,717		(15,613)		-		-		-		-	
Motor fuel taxes		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Other intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Other taxes		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Investment income		-		-	-		-		20		20		64		44	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues						-										
Total revenues	33,	330	33,3	330	17,717		(15,613)		68,020		68,020		69,878		1,858	
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
Public safety		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Public works		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Economic development	31,	030	31,0)30	15,422		15,608		71,536		71,536		13,963		57,573	
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Debt service:																
Principal		-		-	-		-		-		-		39,594	((39,594)	
Interest and fiscal charges				-		-	-						18,342	((18,342)	
Total expenditures	31,	030	31,0	030	15,422		15,608		71,536		71,536		71,899		(363)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES																
OVER EXPENDITURES	2,	300	2,3	300	2,295		(31,221)		(3,516)		(3,516)		(2,021)		1,495	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers in		-		-	-		-		3,600		3,600		3,600		-	
Transfers out		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)							-		3,600		3,600		3,600			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,	300	\$ 2,3	800	2,295	\$	(31,221)	\$	84	\$	84		1,579	\$	1,495	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	R				28,364								8,031			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$ 30,659							\$	9,610			

		South Rt 45 Business District						Broadway East TIF District							
	 Budgeted Original	Amou	ınts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance wit Final Budge Favorable (Unfavorable	t _	Buo Origina	_	l Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance v Final Bud Favorab (Unfavora	
REVENUES															
TIF property tax increment	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 185	,000	\$	185,000	\$	190,152	\$	5,152
Business district taxes	34,984		34,984		40,436	5,45	52		-		-		-		-
Motor fuel taxes	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other intergovernmental revenues	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other taxes	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income	-		-		-		-		60		60		174		114
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues	34,984		34,984		40,436	5,45	52	185	,060		185,060		190,326		5,266
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
Public safety	_		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public works	_		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	_		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic development	_		_		-		-	194	,600		194,600		87,015		107,585
Capital outlay	_		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:															
Principal	_		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	_				-		= =	194	,600		194,600		87,015		107,585
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES															
OVER EXPENDITURES	 34,984		34,984		40,436	5,45	2	(9	,540)		(9,540)		103,311		112,851
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		_
Transfers out	(3,600)		(3,600)		(3,600)		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets	-				-		-		-		-		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,600)		(3,600)		(3,600)		Ξ.		-		_				-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 31,384	\$	31,384		36,836	\$ 5,45	2	\$ (9	,540)	\$	(9,540)		103,311	\$	112,851
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR					104,317								457,723		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				\$	141,153							\$	561,034		

City of Mattoon, Illinois Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2023 Schedule 3 (Continued)

		Broadway East	Business District	
DENENHEO	Budgeted Original			Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES TIF property tax increment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Business district taxes	524,895	524,895	496,270	(28,625)
Motor fuel taxes	-	524,075	470,270	(20,023)
Other intergovernmental revenues	_	_	_	_
Other taxes	<u>-</u>	_	_	_
Investment income	380	380	1,359	979
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		-	-	-
Total revenues	525,275	525,275	497,629	(27,646)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Economic development	34,900	34,900	30,706	4,194
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	260,000	260,000	260,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	68,848	68,848	68,241	607
Total expenditures	363,748	363,748	358,947	4,801
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	161,527	161,527	138,682	(22,845)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 161,527	\$ 161,527	138,682	\$ (22,845)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			444,581	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 583,263	

City of Mattoon, Illinois Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023 Schedule 4

			Insu	rance and	
	Healt	h Insurance	Tort	Judgment	Total
ASSETS	'				_
Current assets:					
Cash	\$	21,182	\$	395,827	\$ 417,009
Restricted cash		8,751		-	8,751
Accounts receivable		73,513		7,196	80,709
Due from other funds		317,634		21,244	338,878
Due from component units		7,178		261	7,439
Prepaid items		-		88,448	88,448
Total current assets		428,258		512,976	941,234
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and					
accrued expenses		417,405		69,082	486,487
Other payables		10,853		-	10,853
Total current liabilities		428,258		69,082	497,340
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	\$		\$	443,894	\$ 443,894

City of Mattoon, Illinois
Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended April 30, 2023
Schedule 5

	Heal	th Insurance		surance and rt Judgment		Total
OPERATING REVENUES	Ф	5.015.000	Ф	1 002 100	Φ	6.017.207
Fund charges and employee contributions	\$	5,015,208	\$	1,002,189	\$	6,017,397
Operating grants and contributions		- 25		40.070		41.005
Miscellaneous operating revenue		35		40,970		41,005
Total operating revenue		5,015,243		1,043,159		6,058,402
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administrative and general		557,845		7,679		565,524
Insurance		867,413		1,035,480		1,902,893
Health claims and uninsured judgments		3,590,069		- -		3,590,069
Total operating expenses		5,015,327		1,043,159		6,058,486
Operating loss		(84)				(84)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES						
Investment income		84				84
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		-		-
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR				443,894		443,894
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	443,894	\$	443,894

City of Mattoon, Illinois Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30, 2023 Schedule 6

		Ith Insurance	Insurance and Tort Judgment		Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES						
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	3,543,763	\$	986,852	\$	4,530,615
Receipts from component units		79,998		12,146		92,144
Receipts from employees and retirees		1,343,943		-		1,343,943
Payments to suppliers		(1,295,197)		(688,403)		(1,983,600)
Payments to claimants		(3,628,323)		-		(3,628,323)
Other (payments) receipts		(73,478)		38,637		(34,841)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(29,294)		349,232		319,938
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES						
Investment income		84		-		84
Net cash provided by investing activities		84		-		84
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(29,210)		349,232		320,022
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH						
- BEGINNING OF YEAR		59,143		46,595		105,738
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	29,933	\$	395,827	\$	425,760
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Operating loss	\$	(84)	\$	-	\$	(84)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net						
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Increase in receivables		(73,513)		(2,333)		(75,846)
Increase in due from other funds		(46,079)		(3,168)		(49,247)
Increase in due from component units		(1,425)		(23)		(1,448)
Decrease in prepaid items		-		324,803		324,803
Increase in accounts payable						
and accrued expenses		91,417		29,953		121,370
Increase in other payables		390		<u> </u>		390
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(29,294)	\$	349,232	\$	319,938

City of Mattoon, Illinois

Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library)

Balance Sheet April 30, 2023 Schedule 7

	Schedule 7
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 264,722
Investments, at fair value	182,857
Receivables	2,482
Total assets	450,061
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	10,580
Due to primary government	17,987
Total liabilities	 28,567
FUND BALANCE	
Restricted	2,527
Unassigned	418,967
Total fund balance	 421,494
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 450,061

City of Mattoon, Illinois Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended April 30, 2023 Schedule 8

	Schedule 8
REVENUES	
Payments from primary government	\$ 616,691
Charges for services	9,107
Fines and forfeitures	1,223
Interest income	2,537
Operating contributions	120,170
Total revenues	749,728
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Culture and recreation	638,544
Debt service:	
Principal	5,000
Interest	748
Total expenditures	644,292
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	105,436
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 316,058
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 421,494

City of Mattoon, Illinois Fiduciary Component Units Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2023 Schedule 9

		Pension Tr					
		Police Pension	F	irefighters' Pension	Total		
ASSETS		_		_			
Cash	\$	33,249	\$	309,885	\$	343,134	
Investments, at fair value:							
Annuities		-		594,459		594,459	
Insurance contracts		15,307,570		10,126,048		25,433,618	
Mutual funds		761,737		822,397		1,584,134	
Pooled investments		6,832,432		7,627,176		14,459,608	
Dividends receivable		3,020		3,261		6,281	
Prepaid items		2,534		-		2,534	
Due from primary government		67,670		67,670		135,340	
Total assets		23,008,212		19,550,896		42,559,108	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,465		271,774		273,239	
NET POSITION							
Restricted for pensions	\$	23,006,747	\$	19,279,122	\$	42,285,869	

City of Mattoon, Illinois
Fiduciary Component Units
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
For the Year Ended April 30, 2023
Schedule 10

	Pension Trust Funds					
	Police Fi		Firefighters'			
		Pension		Pension		Total
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	2,959,550	\$	3,239,473	\$	6,199,023
Plan members		297,425		172,336		469,761
Others		26,805				26,805
Total contributions		3,283,780		3,411,809		6,695,589
Investment income:						
Interest and dividend income		65,566		98,529		164,095
Net increase (decrease) in						
fair value of investments		83,676		(176,460)		(92,784)
Net investment gain (loss)		149,242		(77,931)		71,311
Total additions		3,433,022		3,333,878		6,766,900
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits and refunds of contributions		2,831,099		3,211,765		6,042,864
Administrative expenses		62,695		22,401		85,096
Total deductions		2,893,794		3,234,166		6,127,960
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		539,228		99,712		638,940
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		22,467,519		19,179,410		41,646,929
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	23,006,747	\$	19,279,122	\$	42,285,869

OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

City of Mattoon, Illinois Legal Debt Margin April 30, 2023

Assessed valuation, 2022 levy		\$	228,931,813
Statutory debt limitation (8.625% assessed valuation)		\$	19,745,369
Total debt:			
General obligation bonds Notes payable	\$ (4,640,000) (8,904,985)	<u>-</u>	
Total debt			(13,544,985)
Less debt exempt from statutory debt limitation			
General obligation bonds Notes payable - IEPA loans	4,640,000 8,568,338	-	
Total debt exempt from statutory debt limitation			13,208,338
Legal debt margin		\$	19,408,722

	For Tax Levy Year							
		2022		2021	2020			
Assessed valuation	\$	228,931,813	\$	213,136,699	\$	209,661,877		
Rate per \$100, excluding road and bridge rate		2.21100		2.27927		2.23361		
Taxes extended, excluding road and bridge taxes		5,061,682		4,857,961		4,683,029		
Add: City's share of road and bridge taxes extended		194,762		175,647		174,170		
Total taxes extended		5,256,444		5,033,608		4,857,199		
Taxes available to City after abatements and losses in collection (2022 estimated)	\$	5,217,000	\$	4,985,500	\$	4,838,960		
Percentage of extension available to City								
(2022 estimated)		99.25%		99.05%		99.62%		
			For	Tax Levy Year				
		2022		2021		2020		
Distribution of taxes available (2022 estimated):		_		_		_		
General Fund:								
General government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Fire protection		-		-		-		
Police protection		-		-		-		
Street, including road & bridge		183,900		173,978		173,495		
Park		-		-		-		
Mattoon Public Library		494,800		477,662		459,945		
Firefighters Pension Fund		2,607,400		2,269,502		2,236,199		
Police Pension Fund		1,901,300		1,992,052		1,969,321		
Revenue Recapture		29,600		72,306		-		
Total	\$	5,217,000	\$	4,985,500	\$	4,838,960		

The City Council has abated the 2020, 2021, and 2022 property tax levies applicable to all outstanding general obligation bonds since alternative revenue sources are expected to be sufficient to pay debt service obligations.